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युद्धविरामः त्रास हटेको छैन

युद्ध विरामपछी अहिले पुर्वी पहाडी क्षेत्रमा माओवादीले चन्दा संकलन, अपहरण, प्रशिक्षण, जनसभा आदी संगठन विस्तारका कार्यक्रमहरु तिव्र पारेकाछन। गाँउमा भीडन्त, हत्याका घटनाहरु नभए पनि जनमानसमा सम्भावित भीडन्त, आक्रमणको त्रास भने कायमै छ । Continued on page 6

Discussing the Constitution

Speculation over the government's plans to change the 1990 constitution has been strife in Nepal ever since Vice-Chairman Tulsi Giri's speech in Biratnagar on 20 Sept. Continued on page 8.

कान्नी सल्लाह

प्रत्येक ब्यक्तिको समस्या वेग्ला वेग्लै खालका हुने हुँदा एटर्नी को सल्लाह अनुसार Asylum का लागि आवेदन गर्ने वा नगर्ने भनी निक्योेंल गर्न् उचित हुने छ । Continued on page 12.

Entertainment page 16 Cadenza: Riding The Groove Train

EXCLUSIVE: Avril Lavigne Pin-up



Dasain Aayo!

For a vast majority of Nepalis abroad, this is the perfect excuse to get together and celebrate. The annual hindu festival, devoted to goddess Durga, is celebrated during the lunar month of September/ October. Continued on page 14.



"We wish you all a wonderful Dashain."

- Nepali Aawaz & Moonlight Records

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Introducing Nepali Aawaz

More Nepalis are spread across the globe today than ever before. Both Nepal and Nepalis are changing, evolving in a dizzying speed. The internet and the telephone bring us evermore together, and Nepali Aawaz has been founded with the idea of strengthening this togetherness in the unique medium that print offers. Not just through screens and tele-lines, but on paper, in our hands, every week from all possible corners of the world. News and articles about social issues, politics, entertainment, sports of Nepal and otherwise, amongst other things, will be shared. Speaking to a global audience poses a strange challenge, one which we are excited about wading through, whatever hurdles may arise (delivery delays come to mind - but this is only our first issue and with the support of the Nepali communities everywhere, we are sure that these problems will become miniscule).

Dasain is here, and what it may mean to Nepalis is also changing by the year. While the growing Nepali diaspora sees it as an occasion to get together and celebrate regardless of religion,

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It is Dasain, nonetheless. And perhaps the most important meaning that any Nepali would want the festival to have is that of a peaceful nation re-building itself and not a nation at war and in mourning, barely holding up the ceiling with its back and hands, with its feet on boats sailing in different directions.

All of us at Nepali Aawaz would like to wish Nepalis everywhere the best of seasons greetings.

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राजाको टीका, नेताहरुद्वारा वहिष्कार यसपालिको विजयादशमीको टीका आन्दोलरत् सात राजनीतिक दलका प्रमुख नेताहरुले वहिष्कार गर्ने घोषणा गरेका छन्। आफ्नो आन्दोलन राजाको निरङ्गकुशताविरुद्ध भएकाले कुनै पनि हालतमा राजाको टीका नलगाउने उनीहरुले घोषणा गरेका हुन्।

नेपालमा पूर्वप्रधानमन्त्रीहरु, मन्त्रीहरु, प्रमुख राजनीतिक पार्टीका नेताहरूलगायत राष्ट्रिय जनजीवनका विभिन्न ख्यातिप्राप्त व्यक्तिहरु र सर्वसाधारण नागरिकहरु विजयादशमीको टीका थाप्न महाराजाकोमा जाने चलन छ ।

राजासँग शुभकामना आदानप्रदान गर्ने यो सामान्य शिष्टाचारसमेत प्रमुख राजनीतिक नेताहरुबाट उलंघन हुने परिस्थिति सिर्जना भएकोमा महाराजाधिराज दुःखी भएको दरवारनिकट सूत्रले बताएको छ । यता लोकतन्त्रको अग्रिम मोर्चामा रहेको नागरिक समाज र राजनीतिक पार्टीका नेता कार्यकर्ताहरुले भने नेताहरुको यस फैसलाको स्वागत गरेका छन् ।

मुलुकमा द्वन्द नबढोस् भन्ने चाहना राख्ने तटस्थ आमनेपालीहरु भने यसले महाराजा र राजनीतिक दलहरुबीच थप तनाव र दूरी बढ्ने भएकाले सन्तुष्ट हुन सकिरहेका छैनन् ।

नेपालमा चलचित्रहरुमाथि प्रतिवन्ध २१औं शताव्वीकै सबैभन्दा सशक्त अभिव्यक्तिको माध्यम मानिने चलचित्रमाथि नेपालमा प्रतिवन्ध शुरु भएको छ। खासगरी राजनीतिक आन्दोलन, नेताहरु र माओवादी द्वन्दका विषयमा बनाइएका चलचित्रहरु अहिले प्रतिवन्धका शिकार बनाइएका छन्। २०४६ सालको जनआन्दोलनको विषयवस्तुमाथि बनाइएको चलचित्र वलिदान, सोही आन्दोलनका सर्वोच्च कमाण्डर गणेशमान सिंहको जीवनमाथि बनाइएको चलचित्र वीर गणेशमान र माओवादी आन्दोलनको विषयवस्तु छुने चलचित्र आगोको सार्वजनिक प्रदर्शनमाथि स्थानीय प्रशासनले रोक लगाएको छ ।

चलचित्र वलिदानका निर्देशक तुलसी घिमिरे हुन् भने निर्माता श्याम सापकोटा । हरिवंश आचार्य, मदनकृष्ण श्रेष्ठ, नीर शाहलगायतका कलाकारहरुद्वारा अभिनित यस चलचित्रकी अभिनेत्री अञ्जली सुव्वा श्रेष्ठ अहिले अमेरि कामै हुनुहुन्छ । यसैगरी गणेशमान अध्ययन प्रतिष्ठानले निर्माण गरेको चलचित्र वीर गणेशमानको निर्देशन विजयरत्न तुलाधर र सहजमान श्रेष्ठले गरेका हुन् । निर्देशक नारायण पुरीद्वारा निर्देशित चलचित्र आगोको शीर्ष भूमिका सारङ्गा श्रेष्ठ र सुशील क्षेत्रीले निर्वाह गरेका छन् । अभिनेत्री सारङ्गा पनि अहिले अमेरिकामै छिन् ।

नेपालमा २०४६ सालपछिको प्रजातान्त्रिक कालमा पनि सेन्सरसीप लागू भएको एउटै विधा चलचित्र नै थियो। तत्कालिन सरकारले कथा, स्किप्ट र चलचित्र नै सेन्सर पास गरेर देखाउन दिइसकेको अवस्थामा चलचित्रमाथि प्रतिवन्ध लाग्नु प्रजातान्त्रिक सरकारका लागि किमार्थ पनि सुहाउने कुरा होइन।

सरकारले लादेको यस प्रतिवन्धका विरुद्ध नेपाली चलचित्रकर्मीहरुले सानो स्वरमा र नागरिक समाजले ठूलै स्वरमा विरोध गरेका छन्।

ओस्कारमा नेपाली चलचित्र अनुपस्थित सन् १९९९ मा क्याराभानलाई बेभेर्ली हिल्सस्थित साइन अडिटोरियममा प्रवेश गराएर शुरु भएको नेपाली चलचित्रको ओस्करयात्रा त्यसपछि क्रमश: मुकुण्डो र मुनामदनले तय गरेपनि त्यसपछि भने संसयमा परेको छ । यस वर्ष प्रसिद्ध साहित्यकार लीलबहादुर क्षेत्रीको अमर कृति 'बसाइ'मा निर्मित चलचित्र 'बसाइ' चाहेर पनि समावेश गर्न सकिएन । नेपाल चलचित्र प्रतिष्ठान नामक एक संस्थाको गैर-जिम्मेवार कार्यले ओस्कारमा बसाई पठाउन नसकिएको हो । स्मरणीय रहोस्, सो संस् थाका प्रमुख विष्णुगोपाल श्रेष्ठले एकेडेमी अफ मोशन पिक्चर्स आर्ट्स एण्ड साइन्सेसलाई भुठो व्यहोराको पत्र पठाई नेपाली चलचित्र छनौट गरी पठाउने अधिकार प्राप्त गरेका थिए ।

नेपाल चलचित्र निर्माता संघमार्फत् सन् १८८८ देखि एकेडेमी अफ मोशन पिक्चर्स आर्ट्स एण्ड साइन्सेसद्वारा हरेक वर्ष आयोजना हुने ओस्कार अवार्डको विदशी भाषा चलचित्र वर्गमा नेपाली चलचित्रको प्रतिनिधित्व गराइदै आएको हो । पहिलोपटक समावेश गरि एको क्याराभान उत्कृष्ट पाँचमा उक्लेको थियो भने त्यसपछिका दुबै चलचित्र पनि दोस्रो चरणमा छानिएका थिए। नेपाली चलचित्रको यो प्रभावकारी उपस्थितिका कारण एकातिर नेपाली चलचित्रको अन्तर्र्रााष्टियकरणमा महत्वपूर्ण योगदान पुगिरहेको थियो भने हलिउडले समेत नेपाललाई राम्रै चलचित्र निर्माण गर्ने दशेको कोटीमा पत्याउदै गएको थियो।

यसरी एकजना लहडीको कुरालाई एकेडेमी अफ मोशन पिक्चर्स आर्ट्स एण्ड साइन्सेसले विश्वास गर्दा बसाई जस्तो कालजयी चलचित्र ओस्कार दौडमा समावेश हुन सकेन । यसलाई नेपाली चलचित्रका लागि दुर्भाग्यपूर्ण भन्नुपर्छ । स्मरणीय रहोस्, भारतबाट अमोल पालेकर निर्मित चलचित्र पहेली ओस्कार दौडमा समावेश भएको छ । •

FILM SOUTH ASIA '05: Festival of South Asian Documentaries

This year Film South Asia moved out of their regular venue, the Russian Culture Center, and moved into neighboring cineplex Kumari Cinema. But the six-day event remained as compelling and entertaining as ever.

Held every two years, the FSA is a one-of-a-kind platform for non-fiction filmmakers from the region to come together and flaunt the fruits of their innovative and experimental visions and interact with one another. These independent films exhibit diverse images of South Asia and allow us a very 'real' glimpse into the lives of those living here. Starting on 29 Sept., a series of films from a number of countries like India, Nepal, South Africa, Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Burma and Pakistan were screened. 44 films were picked for the event out of a staggering 189 entries and 11 of these are world premieres. Crediting the role digital technology plays in the crafting of these documentaries, the festival this year, the fifth one so far, has been christened "Revolution in Digital".

The panel of judges comprises of three membersdirector Hasan Zaidi from Karachi, filmmaker Tareque Masud from Dhaka and Sabeena Gadihoke, a teacher from New Delhi. They will be evaluating the films and giving away the Ram Bahadur trophy for the best documentary, along with an additional cash prize of \$2000. Second prize and the Best Debut Film get \$1000 each.





चौथो मिस नेपाल हङकङ २००४ सुन्दरी प्रतियोगितामा ८ जना सुन्दरीहरुलाई पछाडि पार्दे राजधानी निवासी १८ वर्षिया पुर्णिमा गुरुङले ताज पहिरिन सफल भएकीछिन।

नेपालीहरुको अत्यधिक बसोवासो क्षेत्र रहेको युनलडको युनलङ थिएटर हलमा मल्टिपल आर्ट एन्ड कल्चर एसोसिएसन (माको) हडकडको आयोजनामा गत आइतवार असोज १६ गते राति १ बजेसम्म संचालन भएको थियो। प्रवासी नेपालीहरुमा चर्चित उक्त प्रतियोगितामा धरान घर भएकी दीपा बिश्वकर्मा फस्ट रनरअप बनिन् भने राजधानी निवासी अर्की सुन्दरी सुनिता थापाले सेकेन्ड रनरअपको उपाधि हात पारेकी थिइन् उक्त प्रतियोगितामा १० जना सुन्दरीहरु एक अर्कामा प्रतिस्पर्धा गरेका थिए।

मिस नेपाल हडकड बनेकी पुर्णिमा गुरुडले पहिलो स् थान सहित मिस बेष्ट स्कीन र आफूले डिजाइन गरेको ढाकाको पहिरनमा सजिएर प्रस्तुतभई दर्शकहरुको मन जित्दै मिस बेष्ट ड्रेसको उपाधि समेत उम्कन दिइनन् । सहभागी सबैलाई अवार्ड प्राप्त भएको सो प्रतियोगितामा पहिलो दोश्रो र तेश्रो सहित विभिन्न १३ विधामा पुरस्कृत गरिएको थियो । दुई वटा विधा मिस वेष्ट फिगर र मिस बेष्ट ड्रेसको उपाधिकानिम्ति कार्यक्रम स्थलमा उपस्थित दर्शकहरुले मतदान गरेका थिए । उनीहरुको मतदानका आधारमा विजेताको नाम घोषण गरिएको थियो ।

प्रतियोगितामा फस्ट रनरअप दीपा बिकले मिस बेष्ट फिगर र मिस फोटो जेनिक उपाधि हात पर्न सफल भईन तर उनले पाएको यी दुवै उपाधिहरुमा ड्र भएको थियो। बेष्ट फिगरमा म्याग्दी घर भएकी स् यारोन पुनसंग र मिस फोटो जेनिकमा धनकुटाकी अंजना राईसंग उनको उपाधिमा ड्र भएको थियो। सेकेण्ड रनरअप बनेकी सुनिता थापाले मिस पर्सनालिटीको उपाधि समेत हात परेकी थिइन् । सन् २००१ पछि लगभग ४ बर्षको अन्तरालमा सम्पन्न भएको उक्त प्रतियोगितामा इटहरी निवासी रिभा राईलाई मिस फ्रेण्डशिप, मनाङ पुर्ख्यौली घर भएकी काठमण्डौ निवासी निशा लामालाई मिस बेष्ट हेयर, ताप्लेजुडकी रोशनी यक्सो लिम्बू मिस बेष्ट एटिच्यूड, काठमण्डौकी रिजा थापाले मिस ट्यालेट र मिस चार्मिङ उपाधि प्राप्त गरेकी थिइन् । मिस क्याटवल्कको उपाधि भने मोरङ जदाहा घर भएकी तनुजा गुरुङको भागमा परेको थियो।

पहिलो चरणमा सहभागीहरुले आफूलाई सुहाउँदो पहिरनमा सजिएर परिचय दिएपछि उनीहरु जातिय भेषभुषामा सजिएर प्रतियोगिहरु ऱ्याम्पमा उत्रिएका थिए । कार्यक्रमको पहिलो चरणमा निर्णयकर्ताहरुबाट सहभागीहरुलाई विभिन्न प्रश्नहरु सोधिएको थियो। उनीहरुको प्रस्तुती, परिचय एवं प्रश्नको उत्तरका आधारमा टप सेभेनको छनौट गरिएको थियो। निशा लामा, रिभा राई र रोशनी यक्सो लिम्बू उक्त चरण पार पाउन सकेका थिएनन् । उता तनुजा गुरुङ र सर्बाधिक चर्चा पाएकी स्यारोन पुनले टप फाइभकालागि लागि आफ्नो स्थान सुरक्षित गर्न सकिनन् ।

टप फाइभमा पुगेका अंजना राई, दीपा बिके, पुर्णिमा गुरुड, रीजा थापा र सुनिता थापालाई एक समान प्रश्न 'मिस नेपालको काम कर्तव्यहरु' का बारेमा सोधिएको थियो सोही प्रश्नको उत्कृष्ट जवाफका आधारमा युनाइटेड एकडेमीबाट दश जोड दुई पास गरी हडकडआई एक व्यापारीक कम्पनीमा एकाउण्टेनभई कार्यरत पुर्णिमाले आफूलाई अब्बल साबित गरिन् । त्यसो त उनको प्रस्तुति हेरेर उपसि थत दर्शकहरुले कार्यक्रम अवधिभर उनको पक्षमा हुटिङ समेत गरेका थिए । 'चौथो मिस नेपाल हडकड २००४' विजेता पुर्णिमा गुरुडलाई, 'मिस नेपाल हडकड २००१' की विजेता पूजा सुब्बाले काउन लगाइदिएकी थिइन् ।

सोही दिन 'चौथो मिस्टर नेपाल हडकड २००४' शारीरिक सुसंगठन प्रतियोगिता समेत एउटै स्टेजमा सम्पन्न गरिएको थियो। ७ जना शारीरिक सुगठनमा लागेका यूवाहरुबीचमा भएको प्रतिस्पर्धामा कैलाश गुरुडले सर्वोत्कृष्ट भई 'मिस्टर नेपाल हडकड २००४' को उपाधि हात पार्न सफल भए। सो प्रतियोगितामा राजु गुरुड फष्ट रनरअप र खगेन गुरुड सेकेण्ड रनर अप एवं बेष्ट पोज घोषित गरिएको थियो। बेष्ट पर फरमेन्सको अर्वाड भने ऋष्ण हेमन्त लिम्बूको हातमा परेको थियो।

मोडल तथा कोरियाग्राफर कला सुब्बाको कोरियोग्राफी रहेको सो प्रतियोगितामा हडकङ स्थित शाही नेपाली





महावाणिज्यदूत हेभलाल भट्टराई, तेजबहादुर राई, बरुन सिंह रावल, धन थापा,किसन राई, उत्तरमान लिम्बू, कमल गुरुड, पसन तमू, 'मिस नेपाल हडकड १८८८८' जुनू पुन, गणेश इजम, र कविता गुरुडले निर्णायकको भूमिका निर्वाह गर्नु भएको थियो। कला सुब्बा र कुमार लिड्देनको संचालमा सम्पन्न सो समारोहमा हडकडमा रहेका युवा युवतीहरुको उल्लेख्य उपस्थिती रहेको थियो। हडकडका चर्चित कलाकारहरु शितल पुन, संतोष गुरुड, टंक राई र करन तामाडले समेत कार्यक्रमको गीत तथा नृत्यहरु प्रस्तुत गरेका थिए।

Nepal Association of Texas Ready For Biannual Election:

On 7 Oct, Nepali Association of Texas will be hold its biannual election. Baikuntha Thapa, who has served as its President for 2 terms (4 years), will be stepping down. The most popular candidate in this election has been Mr. Gauri Joshi, who is the Association's current Treasurer. The event will be held at Convention Plaza, 315 East, from 12PM to 12AM.

युद्धविराम: त्रास हटेको छैन अनुशील श्रेष्ठ/ संखुवासभामा



KASHISH DAS SHRESTHA / NPA

A female group of Maoist militia from the 18th Battalion, People's Liberation Army, Eastern Nepal

युद्ध विरामपछी अहिले पुर्वी पहाडी क्षेत्रमा माओवादीले चन्दा संकलन, अपहरण, प्रशिक्षण, जनसभा आदी संगठन विस्तारका कार्यक्रमहरु तिव्र पारेकाछन। गाँउमा भीडन्त, हत्याका घटनाहरु नभए पनि जनमानसमा सम्भावित भीडन्त, आक्रमणको त्रास भने कायमै छ।

माओवादीले गाँउ गाँउमा चन्दा माग्ने र घरका कृषि जन्य वस्तु भैसी, खसी-बोका, कुखुरा लगायतका चौपाय बजार लगेर बिक्री गर्न रोक लगाएको संखुवासभा, मामलिङका युवा राजन शाक्यले बताए। भने-"बजार लगेर बिक्री गर्न दिदैनन बरु उनीहरुले नै खाईदिन्छन " गाँउ-घरबाट बिदेश जाने मान्छेले माओवादीलाई प्रति ब्याक्ति ४ हजार दिनु पर्ने र बिदेशमा कमाएको रकम मध्ये आधा पछी बुफाउनु पर्ने नियम समेत राखीएको छ।

माओवादीका कारण गाँउबाट बिस्थापीत भएका बासीन्दा र गावीस सचिवहरु युद्ध विरामपछी पनि गाँउ फर्कन सकेका छैनन । आफ्ना छोरा-छोरीलाई माओवादीले आफु संगै लैजाने भनेपछी भागेर चैनपुरबजार आएकी सिद्धपोखरी गावीसकी दुर्गादेवी थापा सुरक्षित स्थानको खोजीमा काठमाण्डौतिर लागेकी छिन । सोही गाँउकी पल्पसा गुरुङ भने गाँउमा बस्न नसकेर चैनपुर हुदै खाँदवारी पुगेकी छिन । ३३ गाँविस र एक नगर पालिका रहेको जिल्लाका १४ चैनपुरबजारमा र १७ गाँविस सचिवहरु खाँदवारीमा बसेर कार्यालय संञ्चालन गरिरहेकाछन । ६ असोजमा मनोनित जीवीस सभापती उप सभापतीहरुको निर्देशन लिएर फर्किएका एक गाँविस सचिवले गाँउ गएर काम गर्ने स्थिती नभएको बताए । भने-"गावीस भवनहरु ध्वस्तछन, माओवादीले गाँउ आओ भनेका छैनन कसरी जाने ?"

संखुवासभा जिल्लाका पुर्व जिवीस सभापती तुलसी प्रसाद न्यौपाने खादवारी सदरमुकाममा गाँउ फर्कन नसकेका विस्थापीतहरुको संख्या धेरै भएको बताउछन । भन्छन-"युद्धविराम पछी गाँउमा असहज परिस्थीती छैन तर चन्दा संकलन जारी नै छ र बिस्थापीतहरु आप् ज्नो गाँउ-घर फर्कने वातावरण बनेको छैन ।" अहिले माओवादीले अन्य राजनैतिक दलहरुलाई समेत गाँउ-घर मा संगठन बिस्तार गर्न भने छुट दिएकाछन। नेकपा एमालेका कोशी अञ्चल कमीटी समेत रहेका न्यौपानेलाई पार्टीका केन्द्रिय सल्लाहकार समीती सदस्य नेत्रप्रसाद गौतमका साथ पार्टीकै संगठन बिस्तारका कममा चैनपुर बाट मुढे शनिश्चरे जाँदै गर्दा बाटोमा भेटेको थियो। अहिले आएर आफुहरुले पार्टीका सार्वजनिक कार्यक्रमहरु समेत गर्न थालेको उनले बताए। भने-"माओवादीले युद्धविराम घोषणा गरेकाछन, दलहरु सडकमा आन्दोलन गरिरहेकाछन त्यसैले पनि माओवादी पहिले भन्दा दलहरु प्रति सकरात्मक देखिएकाछन।"

शसस्त्र प्रहरी वल बेस क्याम्प चैनपुरका प्रहरी नायब उपरिक्षक यज्ञप्रसाद शिवाकोटी भने माओवादीले युद्ध विर ामको फाईदा लिईरहेको बताउछन । भन्छन-"माओवादी संग जनता बिश्वस्त हुन सकीरहेका छैनन, यो युद्ध विराम हैन भिषण युद्धको पुर्व तयारी हो भनिरहेकाछन। केही समय युद्धविराम गरेर उनीहरुले अहिले सम्म भएका क्षतीपुर्ती गर्न खोजेका मात्र हुन ।" लामो समय देखी गाँउघरमा राजनैतिक शुन्यता छाएको र अन्य पार्टीहरु निस्किय रहेकाले पनि माओवादी गतीविधी तिव्र



Children work as porters, Eastern Nepal

भएको उनी बताउछन । माओवादीको अपहरण, चन्दा संकलन र कार्यक्रम जारी रहेकाले गाँउ गाउँमा हामीले सुरक्षाकर्मी परिचालन गरिरहेका छौ ।"

द्धन्द्धका कारण पहाडी क्षेत्रको ब्यापार भने ह्वात्तै घटेको छ। संख्वासभाको एकदमै चलेको चैनपुर बजार को ६० प्रतिशत ब्यापार घटेको उद्योग वाणीज्य संघ चैनप्का अध्यक्ष आशीष शाक्य बताउछन । भन्छन-"दशैं आईसक्यो तर ब्यापार श्न्य छ।" साना ठ्ला गरेर सय भन्दा बढी पसल रहेको चैनपुर बजारका ३५ प्रतिशत बासीन्दा द्धन्द्धका कारण बजारै छाडेर अन्यत्र गै सकेकाछन । भोलामान श्रेष्ठ, शंकर श्रेष्ठ, चन्द्र क्वेर श्रेष्ठ, एस नारायण श्रेष्ठ, पूर्णलाल शाक्य, भवानी प्रसाद श्रेष्ठ, स्र्य नारायण श्रेष्ठ, नारायण प्रसाद श्रेष्ठ लगायतका धेरै ब्यापारी र स्थानीय बासीन्दाले चैनपुर छाडी सकेकाछन । २४ असोज ०४८ मा माओवादीले गरेको चैनपुर आक्रमणपछी यसरी बजारबाट पलायन हुनेहरुको संख्या बढेको नेपाल रेडक्रस सोसाईटी चैनपुर शाखाका सभापती रामक्मार दाहाल बताउछन । सो आक्रमणमा माओवादीलाई शसस्त्र प्रहरीले परास्त गरेको थियो । आक्रमणमा ४ प्रहरी र ४ दर्जन भन्दा बढी माओवादी मारिएका थिए।

२० वर्ष अघिदेखी चैनपुरमा होटल ब्यावसाय संञ्चालन गर्दे आएका माधव कर्माचार्य होटलको ब्यापार १० प्रतिशतमा भरेको बताउछन । डायमण्ड होटलका संञ्चालक रहेका कर्माचार्य आफ्नो होटलका कोठाहरु ग्राहक नभएर प्राय खाली नै रहने बताउछन । भन्छन-"पहिले एउटै सिजनमा तीन सय भन्दा बढी बिदेशी



टुरिष्ट आउथे अहिले आक्कल भुक्कल मात्र देखीन्छन। " चैनपुरमा रहेका आधा दर्जन होटल लज मध्ये २/३ वटा बाहेक प्राय बन्द भईसकेकाछन । उवा संघका अध्यक्ष शाक्य स्थायी शान्ती नहुने हो भने ब्यापार ब्यावसाय पुरै शुन्यमै भर्ने बताउछन । भन्छन-"अहिले सम्म त शान्ती होला भन्ने आशमा ब्यापारीहरुले जसोतसो धानी रहेकाछन तर सधै यस्तै भएमा केही बाँकी रहदैन । "

New Constitution?

The root of the speculation that King Gyanendra intends to dismiss Nepal's 1990 Constitution can be credited to Vice Chairman Dr. Tulsi Giri. Speaking to the general public two weeks ago in Biratnagar, Dr. Giri said that the press printed whatever it felt like and the government was unable to control it; that there was plenty written and spoken against the king and the government was unable to take any action. He placed the blame on the limitations imposed by the current Constitution and stated that the Constitution had become an obstacle to the goals of February 1st.

Since February 1st the king has put in use four cards. The first was the army card. The army was deployed to suppress civil rights and to bring the media under its control. Within a month, this had proved to be unfeasible, and the army stepped back. The second was the insurgency card. Citing the Maoist insurgency, the king intended to justify the state of emergency to gain complete authority through the army. The international community did not buy it. The third was the corruption card. In the name of controlling corruption through the establishment of a Royal commission, the king had planned to jail the leaders of political parties, but the commission itself proved to be incompetent, putting the king in a dilemma as to whether he should keep the commission or do away with it. The fourth was the card of religion. The dream of ruling the country based on support from the people for a Hindu king was unfulfilled. Religious groups had also come to the conclusion that the country would not function without democracy. Hence, the king's foremost plans having fallen apart, a rumor on the new Constitution has been spread.

Based on the view of the current ministers that it is essential to control civil rights, independent court and free press, should the drafting of a new Constitution begin, it is possible that such rights would be brought under control. However, it is not believed that this Constitution would come into place anytime soon. UML President Madhav Nepal has estimated, in any case, that using the upcoming anniversary of the Constitution on Kartik 23 (November 9), the king could introduce the new Constitution.

Source: SAMUDAYA.ORG

Discussing the Constitution

Speculation over the government's plans to change the 1990 constitution has been strife in Nepal ever since Vice-Chairman Tulsi Giri's speech in Biratnagar on 20 Sept. Amongst other things, he had declared, "When the 1990 constitution was promulgated it wasn't because of the People's Movement, it was because the King himself exercised his right to change the constitution....

"Newspapers write against us and yet we cannot to do anything against newspapers because of the constitution... . It allows such [freedom of press] things. How are we supposed to deal with this?

"We are fighting against terrorism so we have to do what we need to even if that means bypassing provisions of the constitution."

Nepali Aawaz spoke to Shiva Gaunle, Vice Chairman of Federation of Nepalis Journalists' (FNJ) Central Committee and a law expert, about the 1990 Constitution, what it means now and what it would mean if the current government redrafted it. [A representative of the Nepal Mission to UN, New York could not be reached for comments at the time our paper was going to press.]

NPA: What role did the general citizens have in drafting the 1990 constitution?

Shiva Gaunle: The people were actually quite involved in the drafting of the 1990 constitution. Leaders of the political parties and those appointed by the King drafted the constituion but their representatives went from place to place discussing it with the citinzens. In fact, there were even a few protests against a few clauses the people didn't agree with while the constitution was being drafted.

NPA: What power does the constitution's Article 127 give the King?

Shiva Gaunle: In reality, Article 127 doesn't really give the King the kind of authority he is currently practicing. The 1990 constitution included this article only to help solve a problem incase of a major crisis. The thing is, the King alone cannot indipendantly excerise artilce 127, it is actually supposed to be done only on the reccomendation of the mantri parisadh. And of course, no one can actually use Article 127 to re-draft the constitution or do anything that is unconstitutional in anyway.

NPA: Would it be fair to say that it might have been a mistake to include this clause when the 1990 constitution was drafted?

Shiva Gaunle: It would be unfair to say that it was a mistake to include the clause based on how it is being used now. If the King's intentions are correct and honest, there isn't any problem. Until he doesn't respect the constitution, it makes no difference what the constitution actually demands. So essentially, the problem itself isn't Article 127 but rather the fact that the King is using it to choke people's rights.

NPA: What are examples of the current government's actions after Feb 1, that can be called "unconstitutional"?

Shiva Gaunle: The governemnt enforced curb of press freedom, arrested people and politicians without legal cause, unconstitutioanly established the *sahi ayog*, banned radio stations from broadcasting news, so many other things.

NPA: What are some of the major problems for the current government because of the 1990 constitution?

Shiva Gaunle: The constitution clearly gaurantees democratic rights for the people and the press. Because of this, it has become difficult for the current governement to arrest people where and when they please. Because of the freedom of press they have not been able to shut out the voices. Political parties can be freely registred and opened are a few that I can think of.

NPA: Can the current government really change or re-draft the 1990?

Shiva Gaunle: Its difficult to say. It has come to *charcha* that the king wants a new constitution. But this would incite strong condemation and protest from the international community, the political parties and the people of Nepal itself, so this hasn't been discussed vey openly by the government, yet. But if the King feels that the international community might not show a very strong stand against the idea of a new constituion, then it's likely that his government would go ahead with it.



An iconic photograph of the people's movement, 1990

NPA: What would it mean for a regular Nepali if this "new" constitution was drafted and practised?

Shiva Gaunle: The constitution itself would be baseless to begin with. But at the same time, should it be drafted, it won't be done to make the people of Nepal stronger. It would infact take away a lot of rights of the people. Under the circumstances, the common citizen must understand that this is a crime being committed against their fundamental [democratic] rights. •



नेपालीहरुको महान चाड दशैले आम नेपाली जनजीवनलाई छपक्कै छोपिसकेको छ। जे जसरी भए पनि यस महान चाडलाई मनाउने मनस्थितिमा सबै नेपालीहरु अन्तिम तैयारीमा जुटेका छन्। लामो सरकारी विदा शुरु हुनै लागेको बेला सर्वसाधारण नागरिक मात्र हैन, सरकारी संयन्त्र र सबै राजनीतिक शक्तिहरु पनि विदाको मुड बनाइरहेका छन्। बसपार्क र विमानस्थल गाउ फर्कने मानिसहरुको भींडले छोपिएको छ।

तर पनि शान्ति र निर्भयसाथ यस चाडलाई मनाउन पाउने अवस्थामा अभै पनि मुलुक पुगिसकेको छैन । माओवादीले तीनमहिनाका लागि गरेको युद्धविरामलाई सरकारले उसको कमजोरीका रुपमा लिएर त्यसलाई सकरात्मक रुपमा नलिदा यसपालिको दशै पनि नरसंहार बाट मुक्त होला भन्न सकिने परिस्थिति सिर्जना हुन नसकेको हो ।

गाउँघरमा शाही नेपाली सेना सिभिल ड्रेसमा पसेर माओवादीका कार्यकर्ताहरुलाई पत्राउ गर्न थालेका समाचारहरु प्राप्त भइरहेका छन् । यसबाट एकतर्फि युद्धविराम घोषणा गरेर युद्धबाट तीनमहिना विदा लिएको माओवादी पुन: प्रतिरक्षामा उत्रने हो कि भन्ने भय सिर्जना भएको छ । यदि त्यो परिस्थिति सिर्जना भयो भने मुलुक र मुलुकबासीका लागि दशै दशा भएर आउने छ ।

नेपालमा विद्यमान तिनै राजनीतिक शक्तिहरु आ-आफ् नो कियाकलापलाई द्रूततर गतिमा अगाडि बढाइरहेका छन् । नेकपा (माओवादी) एकतर्फि रुपमा युद्धविराम घोषणा गरेर सात राजनीतिक पार्टीहरुसँग सहकार्यका लागि वातावरण बनाउन, चन्दा संकलन गर्न र घाइते सैनिकहरुको उपचार एवं शक्ति सञ्चयमा लागेको छ।

राजा र राजावादी शक्तिहरु महाराजबाट गरिने दशैको शुभकामना सन्देशमा महत्वपूर्ण घोषणा गर्न जनता, राजनीतिक पार्टी र अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय समुदायको नाडी छाम्ने काममा व्यस्त छन् । अहिलेसम्मको जोखना हेर्दा महार ाजको सन्देशमा संसदीय चुनावसम्मको घोषणा हुने हो कि भन्ने अनुमान राजनीतिक वृतमा गरिदै छ । त्योभन्दा अगाडि बढेर नयाँ संविधान नै घोषणा गर्ने कुरा भने भखरै सम्पन्न भारतीय सत्तारुढ पार्टीहरुका शीर्षस्थ नेताहरुको बहुचर्चित नेपाल भ्रमण र युरोपेली संसदमा राजालाई सार्वभौम सत्ता जनतामा फर्काउने सम्वन्धमा पारित 'नेपाल सम्वन्धी आग्रह प्रस्ताव' का कारण टरेको अनुमान गरिदै छ । यद्यपि, सरकारका उपाध्यक्ष डा. त्लसी गिरी र अन्य मन्त्रीहरुबाट सार्वजनिक हुदैआएका ताल-तालका जोखना भनाइहरुले भने अभै पनि थप प्रतिगमनको अनिष्ट टरिसकेको छैन ।

सात राजनीतिक पार्टीहरुले शनिवार दशै अगाडिको अन्तिम विरोधसभा भक्तपुरको दरवार स्क्वायरमा सम्पन्न गरेर सडक संघर्षलाई तिहारसम्मका लागि स् थगित गरेका छन्। यद्यपि, दशै-तिहारका उपलक्ष्यमा गरिने चियापान, शुभकामना आदान-प्रदान, राजनीतिक भेटघाट र जनमत निर्माणका गतिविधिहरुको क्रम भने जारी रहने छ ।

नेपालमा यी तीन राजनीतिक शक्तिहरुका अलावा नागरिक समाज, आमसञ्चार क्षेत्र र अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय शुभचिन्तकहरुले पनि अहिलेको परिस्थितिमा जबर्जस्त शक्तिका रुपमा महत्व राख्दै आएका छन्। यी तीन शक्तिहरुमध्ये नागरि क समाज लोकतान्त्रिक गणतन्त्रका एकसूत्रीय एजेण्डा लिएर जनमत सिर्जना गर्नमा सक्रियतापूर्वक लागेको छ र त्यसका लागि संविधानसभा प्रस्थानविन्दु हुनुपर्छ भन्ने शर्तमा अहिले नेपालको प्रजातान्त्रिक आन्दोलनलाई नै नेतृत्व प्रदान गरिरहेको छ । नागरिक समाजले राष्ट्रिय जनमत सिर्जना गर्नका लागि राजधानी र मोफसलमा ठूला ठूला जनसभाहरु गर्ने, माओवादी र आन्दोलनरत् राजनीतिक पार्टीहरुबीच सम्वाद र सहकार्यको लागि आवश्यक वातावरण बनाइदिने काम गरिरहेको छ भने मानवअधिकार लगायतका मुद्दाहरु उठाएर अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय सहयोग र समर्थन जुटाउने ऋममा पनि अग्रणी भूमिका निर्वाह गरिरहेको छ।

नेपाली प्रेसको मूलधार अहिले पनि अभिव्यक्ति स् वतन्त्रताका लागि पूर्ण प्रजातन्त्रको एकसूत्रीय एजेण्डा लिएर आन्दोलनरत् छ । नेपाली पत्रकारहरुको छाता संगठन नेपाल पत्रकार महासंघ दाँया-बाँया नहेरी आन्दोलनमा होमिएको छ । सरकारी क्षेत्रका सञ्चार माध्यमहरु एकतर्फि सरकारको भजन गाउन लागेकाले यिनीहरुले आफ्ना पाठक, स्रोता र दर्शकहरु मात्र गुमाइरहेका छैनन्, विश्वसनियता पनि दिन प्रति दिन गुमाइरहेका छन् । सरकारी सञ्चार माध्यमको यही एकरटका कारण निजी क्षेत्रका सञ्चार माध्यमहरुप्रतिको जनविश्वास भने बढ्दो छ। पञ्चायकालमाभौं अहिले पनि नेपाली प्रेस अग्रिम मोर्चामा रहेर नेपालको लोकतान्त्रिक आन्दोलनलाई अगाडि बढाइरहेको छ । अपवादस्वरुप केही ठूला सञ्चारमाध्यमहरु एकसय ८०) डिग्री घुमेर दरवारिया गुलियो चाटेर प्रकारान्तरमा आफ्नै सुसाइड नोट लेखिरहेका छन्।

नेपालको लोकतान्त्रिक आन्दोलनको पक्षमा अहिले अन्तराष्ट्रिय सहयोग र समर्थन एक्कासी बढेको छ। र ाजाले शुरुका दिनमा अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय समुदायसमक्ष प्रजातन्त्रको पक्षमा प्रकट गरेको वचनवद्धता पूर। नगरेकै कारण उनीहरुमा वितृष्णा पलाएको हो। नेपालको राजनीतिमा अहम् महत्व राख्ने भारतीय सत्तारुढ गठवन्धनको शीर्षस् थ नेताहरुबाट हालै भएको नेपाल भ्रमण र उनीहरुले लोकतन्त्रको पक्षमा प्रकट गरेको प्रतिवद्धताले पनि अत्यन्त महत्व राख्दछ । त्यसमा पनि राजावादीहरुले उनीहरुको विरोधमा त्रिभुवन विमानस्थलमै देखाएको कालोभण्डाका कारण उनीहरु राजा र राजावादीप्रति थप चिढिएका छन्। राजाको मन्त्रिपरिषद्का केही अनुदार वादी मन्त्रीहरुको निर्देशनमा दरवारियाहरुद्वारा गरिएको यस विरोध प्रदर्शन स्वयं राजावादीहरुलाई पनि राम्रो लागेको छैन ।

यसैबीच युरोपेली संसदले असोज १४ गते नेपाल सम्वन्धी एक विशेष प्रस्ताव पारित गरेर महाराजलाई संसदीय प्रजातान्त्रिक शाक्तिहरुको सार्वभौमिकता निश्चित गर्न आग्रह गरेको छ । माओवादीको युद्धविरामको स्वागत गर्दै नेपालमा अभिव्यक्ति स्वतन्त्रताको पूर्ण ग्यारेन्टीका लागि मार्गप्रशस्त गर्नसमेत आग्रह गरिएको उक्त प्रस् तावले नेपालका महाराजाको अरु अप्ठेरो बढाएको छ भने नेपालको लोकतान्त्रिक आन्दोलनले भने थप ऊर्जा प्राप्त गरेको छ ।

नेपालमा तिव्र गतिमा भइरहेका यी राजनीतिक गतिविधि र विकासक्रमका कारण यसपालिको दशै पनि आम मानिसहरुको लागि कम तनावपूर्ण नहुने संकेत मिलेको छ । तर, यही गतिमा नेपालका महाराजका विपक्षमा राष्ट्रिय तथा अन्तराष्ट्रिय जनमत बन्दै जाने र माओवादी तथा संसदीय राजनीतिक पार्टीहरुबीचको दूरी घट्दै जाने हो भने आउँदो दशैसम्ममा भने मुलुक दुईधुवमा धुविकरण भई एक किसिमको राजनीतिक निकासको नजिक पुग्ने सम्भावना बढेर गएको छ । •

हार्दिक शुभकामना

२०६२ सालको वडा दशैंको शुभ उपलक्ष्यमा दुर्गा माताको आशिर्वादले सम्पूर्ण नेपाली दाजुभाई तथा दिदीबहिनीहरुको सु-स् वास्थ्य, समुन्नती तथा उत्तरोत्तर प्रगतिको लागि हार्दिक मंगलमय शुभकामना ब्यक्त गर्दछ ।

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FEATURES The UN and The International Community Must Help Nepal SOMNATH GHIMIRE

On 1 February 2005, King Gyanendra usurped all executive powers through a royal proclamation and imposed a "state of emergency" in the country that has been precipitously descending into bloody chaos since his throne following the inexplicable massacre of the royal clan on 1 June 2001. The King tried to justify his autocratic step by citing the 'failure' of the political parties in taKing a unified approach against the "peoples' war" launched by the Communist Party of Nepal (CPN-Maoists) since February 1996.

The King's accusations have no justification but are solely motivated to establish absolute monarchy and seize the state power. His despotic regime is vigorously pursuing direct dictatorship by discrediting the democratic forces and rapidly militarizing all state organs.

The King referred to Article 27(3) of the 1990 Constitution to claim legitimacy for his takeover. He promised that the council of ministers being appointed under his chairmanship "will give utmost priority to reactivating multiparty democracy in the country within three years." Article 27 (3) of the Constitution says that "His Majesty is to preserve and protect this Constitution by keeping in view the best interests and welfare of the people of Nepal." Contrary to this, the King not only abruptly dissolved the cabinet but also jailed hundreds of political leaders, suppressed free press, and imposed travel restriction to political and civil society leaders and human rights defenders. This direct fraud on the Constitution, irrespective of the consequences, is nothing short of a coup only to the blatant capture of political power through military means.

The King manipulated the 1990 Constitution, and issued various directives, executive orders and ordinances contravening to the universal norms and principles of democracy and human rights. The regime has also constituted supra-organs parallel to the existing constitutional body by severely undermining the rule of law. For example, a new Royal Commission for Corruption Control has been set up with ill-intention of indicting political opponents and punishing them with grossly false charges. The Human Commission Rights Act has been amended and a lapdog National Human Rights Commission has been formed to accomplish the regime's vested interest that has jeopardized the Paris Principles relating to the establishment of an autonomous national human rights institution. Similarly, the regime has imposed numerous draconian ordinances to curb media freedom, right to association, peaceful assembly, freedom of expression, and dismantle the NGO autonomy.

The human abuses and the breach of humanitarian law have been alarmingly escalating after the King's takeover. The numbers of killings have increased by more than sixty percent that comprised with the seventy five percent from the security forces. Violence, torture, rape, and disappearances have become the routine of the day. Rapid increases in the number of casualties suggest that the deadly conflict has been escalating in an unprecedented scale. The intensified conflict situation has greatly undermined civilian security. The Royal Nepal Army (RNA) has directly involved in creating armed militia called Village Defense Forces as vigilantes to resist the CPN-Maoists activities, by supplying arms, ammunitions, and providing intensive training that has resulted in further grief for civilian population.

Even after the 'royal appointment' of regional and zonal administrators, and local governments, the state mechanism remains largely defunct. These appointees are boycotted by the political forces, civil society and ordinary people because of their covertagendatodismantledemocraticinstitutions. With not a single effective initiative on the King's part to restore democracy in the country, and a measurable diminution in the RNA's capacity to engage in an aggressive and widespread counterinsurgency campaign, it is clear that the country continues its slide into greater turbulence, with nothing in the present constellation of powers to impede this descent. The crisis is only expected to deepen in the proximate future because of the regime's continuous involvement against the democratic forces and civil society. In the recent days, hundreds of peaceful demonstrators have been brutally suppressed, beaten and jailed. The civil society is rising against the regime's authoritarian move towards regression. As a result, the Nepal's ongoing conflict has been changed a dynamics and is no longer directly between the Maoists and the illegitimate regime of Nepal that intensified between the anarchic King's regime

and democratic forces.

King Gyanendra has been maKing desperate attempts to cling on to power by urging international community, especially the United States, India and UK, to choose between him and the CPN-Maoists. It would be a sad day for Nepal if the choices were to be limited, while international community cannot remain mute witness to the fall of a nation state under the dictatorship of the King. The international community engaged for long with Nepal's democracy, development and human rights issues carries a large measure of responsibility for permitting the nation to slip down the abyss of violent anarchy with its silent connivance and participation in the bad governance of the regime.

The King's actions have proved imprudent, counter-productive and are not in the interest of the future of Nepal. Furthermore, his ambition to reign and rule like a medieval King has dismantled democratic norms and institutions, and deprived people from their inherent rights and fundamental freedoms in nation building process. Thus, in order to uphold the benevolence of participatory democracy, the rule of law, the sanctity of fundamental human rights, and inclusive pluralistic society, we urge the United Nations, and its member states and the international community to de-recognize the illegitimate regime of Nepal headed by the King, and immediately suspend all forms of military as well as official development aid to this regime. Meanwhile, we also appeal to the international community to immediately move forward in sustaining the unilateral ceasefire as declared by the Maoists on September 3, 2005 since there is no military solution to the Nepal's ongoing violent conflict.

Finally, we call upon the United Nations and the international community to demonstrate their proactive engagement in establishing democracy and freedom in Nepal in order to lay down the foundation of a durable peace.

Somnath Ghimire is the President of Nepal Students' Union, USA & Canada Chapter and International coordinator, INHURED International

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नेपालमा प्रजातन्त्र पुनर्वहाली हुनै पर्छ -आनन्द

युवा जगतमा प्रजातन्त्रको लागि मरिमेट्ने देश भन्दा विदेशमा "आनन्द विष्ट" को नाम धेरै छापाहरुमा आई रहने नाम हो। १९९८ मा अमेरिका प्रवेश गर्नु भएका विष्ट अमेरिकामा संस्था खोलेर अहिले नेपालमा प्रजातन्त्र पुनर्वहाली गराउन गराउन अग्रगतिमा लागि पर्नु भएको छ । अहिले वहाँ राष्ट्र संघीय महासचिव तथा सिनेटर हरुलाई पत्र लेख्नुका साथै प्रजातन्त्रको पक्षमा जनमत संकलन गर्नका लागि परेका छन् । हामीले वहाँ संग भेटेर नेपालको प्रजातन्त्र बारे सानो कुराकानी गरेका थियौं । प्रस्तुत छ : वहाँ संगको कुराकानी ।

प्रश्न - तपाइँ कसरी प्रजातान्त्रिक आन्दोलनमा लाग्नु भयो ?

उत्तर - सन् २००२ मा प्रजातन्त्र कू गरेर राजाले देशमा असामान्य स्थिति सिर्जना गरेर सारा नेपाली लाई बलिको बोको बनाए । अव हामी नेपालीहरुले प्रजातन्त्रको लागि विदेशबाटै पहल गर्नु पर्ने खाँचो देखेर हामीले "नेपाली प्रजातान्त्रिक युवा परिषद - अमेरिका" नामक संस्था खोलेर विदेशबाट पनि नेपालमा प्रजातन्त्र वहालीका लागि वकालत गरी रहेका छौं।

प्रश्न - तपाईंको संस्थाले अहिले सम्म के - कस्ता कार्यक्रमहरु सञ्चालन गरिरहेको छ ? उत्तर - सर्व प्रथमः हामीले प्रजातन्त्रको समर्थनमा अमेरिका बाट ३४० जनाको हस्ताक्षर गरेर नेपाल पठाएका थियौँ र प्रजातन्त्रकै समर्थनमा अहिले सम्म वाशिङ्गटन डिसी र न्युयोर्क गरेर ४ वटा ऱ्याली गरिसकेका छौं र आउँदो नभेम्बरमा वाशिङ्गटन डिसीमा बृहत अन्तर्कृया कार्यक्रम आयोजन गर्न गई रहेका छौं । यस्का साथै हामीले नेपालबाट आउने नेता, समाजसेवी तथा बुद्धिजीविहरु संग अन्तर्कृया कायक्रम गर्दै नेपालको बारे जानकारी लिने र प्रजातन्त्रको लागि अपील गर्ने गरेका छौं ।

प्रश्न - नेपालमा प्रजातन्त्र कसरी गुम्यो ? उत्तर - राजा महत्वाकांक्षी भएर !

प्रश्न - राजा महत्वाकांक्षी कि नेपाली जनता ? उत्तर - नेपालको प्रजातन्त्र गुम्न नेताहरुको पनि ठूलो हात छ । नेताहरु भूठा भए, भाषणमा मात्र उनीहरुको वचन सिमित रहयो , जनताको पीर मर्का प्रति केही चासो रहेन, आफू - आफूमा विवादित हुँदै गए अनि आफ्नै स्वार्थमा बढी ध्यान दिए । यसरी हेर्दा नेताहरु पनि प्रजातन्त्र गुमाउनमा भागेदारी छन् । तर त्यो भन्दा बढी दोषी चाहिँ राजा नै हो ।

प्रश्न - तपाइँले राजालाई नै बढी दोषी ठान्नुको कारण?

उत्तर - किन भने राजाले नै प्रजातान्त्रिक नेतालाई "कू" गरेर शाषण सत्ता आफ्नो हातमा लिए पछि के भन्ने ? यो त ढुँगे युग होईन, जसले जहाँ जे लादुयो



त्यहि सहेर बस्ने !

प्रश्न - तपाइँ भन्नुहुन्छ - अमेरिकी सिनेटर हरुलाई पनि नेपालमा प्रजातन्त्र वहालीको लागि अपील गर्नु भएको छ? उनीहरुको भनाई के छ? उत्तर - प्रजातन्त्रका लागि १४-१४ वर्ष केही होईन ! प्रजातान्त्रिक अभ्यासको लागि धेरै लामो समय चाहिन्छ। प्रजातान्त्रिक अभ्यासको लागि धेरै लामो समय चाहिन्छ। प्रजातान्त्रिक अभ्यास जहिले पनि अति निम्न तहबाट हुरु गर्नु पर्छ, त्यसैले लामो समय, लामो अभ्यास चाहिन्छ।

प्रश्न - तपाइँहरुको यहाँका यस प्रकारको कृयाकलापले कस्तो प्रभाव परेको छ त ? उत्तर - हाम्रो कृयाकलापले प्रजातन्त्र प्रति धेरैको चासो बढेको छ, राजालाई दबाव पुगेको छ, अभ भन्नु पर्दा अमेरिकाबाट नेपाल जाने "मिलिटारी एड" हाम्रै दबावका कारण रोकिएको छ ।

प्रश्न - नेपाली आवाजबाट तपाइँको सन्देश ? उत्तर - गुमेको प्रजातन्त्र बहाली गर्न यो पत्रिकाले भर मग्दुर कोशिश गरोस । स्वदेश विदेशका नेपाली बीच साँघुको काम गरोस । यो पत्रिकाको उत्तरोत्तर प्रगतिको लागि हार्दिक शुभकामना ब्यक्त गर्दछु ।

प्रश्न - अन्तमा तपाइँ नेपाल फर्किनु भयो भने के गर्नु हुन्छ ?

उत्तर - नेपाल फर्किएर मेरो अन्तिमकाल सम्म म देश र जनताको सेवा गर्नेछु। • Dear international Nepali community, Wish you all a peaceful and prosperous Dasain 2062. *Somnath Ghimire*

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हार्दिक मंगलमय शुभकामना

विजया दशमी २०६२ को उपलक्ष्यमा सवै नेपाली दाजुभाई तथा दिदीबहिनीहरुमा हार्दिक मंगलमय शुभकामना ब्यक्त गर्नुका साथै यसै पावन अवसरमा न्युयोर्कबाट प्रकाशित हुन लागेको साप्ताहिक पत्रिका "नेपाली आवाज" को उज्जवल भविष्यको कामना गर्दछौं।

> शम्भु मोक्तान तथा श्रीमती नन्दु मोक्तान न्युयोर्क

We would like to wish the New York based weekly Nepali Aawaz all the best for their future. Congratulations on your first issue!

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I would like to give my heartfelt well wishes to Nepali Aawaz family. And on the occasion of Dasain, I would like to wish all the Nepali daju, bhai, didi, bahini a Happy Vijaya Dashami.

Mr. Ram Nagarkoti

हार्दिक मंगलमय शुभकामना

विजया दशमी २०६२ को उपलक्ष्यमा सवै नेपाली दाजुभाई तथा दिदीबहिनीहरुमा

हार्दिक मंगलमय शुभकामना ब्यक्त गर्नुका साथै यसै पावन अवसरमा न्युयोर्कबाट

प्रकाशित हुन लागेको साप्ताहिक पत्रिका "नेपाली आवाज" को उज्जवल भविष्यको कामना गर्दछौं ।

> शम्भु मोक्तान तथा श्रीमती नन्दु मोक्तान न्युयोर्क



प्रस्तत जानकारी कानुनी सल्लाहको प्रयोजनको लागि, त्यसैले यसको आधारमा कसैले कुनै काम गरेमा त्यसको जवाफदेही जानकारी प्रदान गर्ने एटर्नी हुने छैन । प्रत्येक व्यक्तिको समस्या वेग्ला वेग्लै खालका हुने हुँदा एटर्नी को सल्लाह अनुसार Asylum का लागि आवेदन गर्ने वा नगर्ने भनी निक्योेल गर्नु उचित हुने छ ।

आफ्नो देशबाट वाहिर तर अमेरिका रहेका ब्यक्तिले आफ्नो स्वेच्छा वा प्रतिरक्षा (Defence) को Asylum का लागि आवेदन गर्न सक्छन् । अमेरिकामा कानुनी तथा गैर कानुनी रुपबाट प्रवेश गर्ने ब्यक्तिले आफ् नो स्वेच्छाले Asylum का लागि आवेदन गर्नु पर्दा USCIS को क्षेत्रिय कार्यालय समक्ष क्षछडढ निवेदन तथा Form मा मागे बमोजिम को विवरण भरी निवेदन दिनुपर्दछ । तर जुन ब्यक्तिलाई Immigration ले पन्नाउ गरी वा नगरी देशनिकाला गर्नका लागि अदालत समक्ष कार्यवाही चलाएको अवस्थामा भने त्पो ब्यक्तिले Immigration Court को न्यायाधिश समक्ष तथा UN को Convention Against Torture अन्तर्गत Withholding Asylum तथा Withold को लागि आवेदन गर्न सक्दछ ।

प्रश्न :- Asylum को आवेदन गर्न के आधार चाहिन्छ?

अमेरिकाको अध्यागमन सम्बन्धि कानुन Immigration & Nationality Act ले Asylum को लागि सर्व प्रथम त्यस्तो ब्यक्तिले आफू Refugee (शरणार्थी) भएको प्रमाणित गर्नुपर्दछ ।

प्रश्न :- Refugee भन्नाले कस्तो ब्यत्तिलाई जनाउँछ?

Refugee भन्नाले त्यस्तो ब्यत्तिलाई जनाउँछ जो आप^{...}५ नागरिक भएको राष्ट्रबाट बाहिर छ वा जुन ब्यक्तिको आफ्नो राष्ट्रियता नै छैन । त्यस्तो ब्यक्ति हो भने आप[…]5 बसी रहेको देशबाट बाहिर छ भने अर्थात अर्को शब्दमा भन्ने हो भने त्यस्ता ब्यक्ति हाल अमेरिकामा छन् र आप^{...}5 नागरिक भएको देश वा अमेरिका आउनु भन्दा अगाडि वसोवास गरिर हेको देशमा फर्केर जान ईच्छुक छैनन् वा असमर्थ छन किनकि उनीहरुले विगतमा सरकार वा सरकारले नियन्त्रण गर्न नसकेको समह वा ब्यक्ति बाट Race Religion, Nationality, Membership in a particular group or Political opinion (जातपात , धर्म र ाष्ट्रियता, कुनै निश्चित सामाजिक समुह (सेना वा प्रहरी सेवामा कार्यरत ब्यक्तिहरुका परिवार आदि) र राजनैतिक विचारधाराको आधारमा यातना पाएको र भविष्यमा पनि त्यस्तो यातना दिईने प्रवल सम्भावना रहेको ब्यक्तिलाई जनाउँछ यातना भन्नलो सामान्यतया ब्यक्तिको जीवन र सवतन्त्रता माथिको Threat हर

तक्षेप भन्ने ब्फिन्छ।

प्रश्न :- Well fonded fear of persecution कसरी प्रमाणित हुन्छ त ?

चित्त बुफ्**दो रुपबाट Asylum को लागि आवेदन ग**र्ने ब्यक्ति ले (reasonable possibility) प्रमाणित गर्नु पर्छ कि निश्चित रुपबाट यातना पाउन सम्भावना छ। यस्तो यातना पाईने सम्भावना १०० मा ५० प्रतिशत भन्दा कम भएपनि हुन्छ तर मारिईने जोखिम यातना (Torture) वा अन्य यस्तै किसिमका यातना को हकमा भने १० प्रतिशत सम्मको Chance देखिए पनि पुग्छ । यस्तो सम्भावित ब्यक्तिको Subjective र Objective Component बाट प्रदर्शित भएको हुन् पर्छ Subjective Component भन्नाले ब्यक्तिले आप^{...}त्र आफ्नो मस्तिष्कमा साँच्चै नै देश फर्केर जान भए डर रहेको देखाउन्पर्छ। ब्यक्तिले यसलाई सबुत प्रमाण वा बयान बाट प्रमाणित गर्नु पर्छ जस् लाई मणल्याँकन गर्दा एउटा सामान्य स्कब्क भएको ब्यक्तिले पनि यस्तो अवस्थामा डरको अनुभ[…]ति गर ोस् ।

प्रश्न :- म आफ्नो गाउँमा राजनैतिक विचारधाराको कारणले माओबादी बाट यातना पाई बस्न नसकी काठमाण्डौमा सरे। त्यहाँ एक वर्ष बसे तर कुनै त्रास थिएन। हाल अमेरिका आएको छ^{...}। के यस्तो ब्यक्तिले Asylum माग गर्न सक्छन्?

सामान्यतवा: यदि कुनै ब्यक्तिले यातना पाएको ठाउँबाट देशको अर्को मागमा गै बसेमा यातना बाट बच्न सक्छ भने यो अनुमान गरिन्छ कि ब्यक्तिलाई Well fonded fear निश्चित रुपले यातनाको सम्भावना छैन ।

प्रश्न :- नयाँ Asylum सम्बन्धि कानुन आएको छ भन्ने सुनिन्छ त्यो भनेको के हो ?

Asylum सम्बन्धि भैरहेको कानूनी ब्यस्थामा भरखरै Real ID ACT ले केही थपभार निवेदकहरुमा थपेको छ जस अनुसार May 11, 2005 वा त्यस भन्दा पछाडि दर्ता गराईएको Asylum application मा निवेदकले वितेका समयमा आफू उपर भएको यातना र भविष्यमा हुने यातनाको भय (Fear) जात, धर्म, राष्ट्रियता, राजनैनितक विचारधारा र निश्चित वा चिनिन सकिने सामाजिक समुहको सदस्यता भएको आधार मध्येको कुनै एक वा सवैमा आफूले पाएको यातना को Nexus रहेको प्रमाणित गर्नुपर्छ ।

प्रश्न :- कस्ता ब्यक्तिले Asylum माग गर्न पाउदैनन्? जुन ब्यक्तिले अरुलाई यातना दिएको छ ।जुन ब्यक्ति अन्य मूलुकमा ब्यवस्थित रुपले बसोबास गर्छ ।जस् ले दिएको Asylum पहिला नै अस्वीकृत भएको छ र परिस्थितिमा कुनै परिवर्तन आएको छैन ।जस्ले अमेरिका आएको १ वर्ष भित्र आवेदन दिएको छैन तर असाधारण परिस्थिति र देश परिवर्तित अवस्था जस्ता कारण देखाउन सकेमा १ वर्ष पछि पनि दिन सकिन्छ ।उचित समय भित्र नदिएमा ।जुन ब्यक्ति स्वभावैले अमेरिकाको सुरक्षाको लागि खतरा मानिन्छ ।फौज्दारी (Aggressive Felony) अपराधमा साजाय पाएको ब्यक्ति ।अमेरिकाको सुरक्षाको लागि खतरा भनि चिनिएको ब्यक्ति ।

प्रश्न :- Asylum को निवेदन अमेरिका आएको कति दिन भित्र गरिसक्नु पर्छ ?

अमेरिका प्रवेश गरेको १ वर्ष भित्र Asylum को लागि निवेदन गरिसक्नु पर्छ । यदि १ वर्ष पछि Asylum को लागि निवेदन दिईन्छ भने निवेदन दिने ब्यक्तिले स्पष्ट चित्त बुभूने प्रमाणको आधार



मा प्रमाणित गर्नु पर्छ कि ढिला हुनुको कारण आफ्ने देशमा भरखरै भएको परिवर्तन तथा अमेरि की कानुनमा भएको संशोधन हो भनि । तथापी यस् तो अवस्था परि ढिलो Asylum गर्नुपर्दा पनि आफूले थाहा पाएको मितिबाट धेरै ढिलो गर्नु हुँदैन । यस्को अलावा ब्यक्तिको काबू वाहिरको कारणले आसामान्य परिस्थिति (extraordinary circumstances) को ऋजना परि १ वर्षको समय भित्र Asylum को निवेदन दिन नसकेको अवस्था प्रमाणित गर्न सकेमा १ वर्ष ढिलाई भए पनि क्षमा हुन सक्दछ । वतो अवस्था सामान्यतया: नराम्रो संग विविध कारणले विरामी पर्नु नावालकपन, असक्षम एटर्नीको कानुनी सहयोग आदि पर्दछन् । •



Congratulations to Zamling Gurung (Purang) and Sonam Choeden (Jharkot) on your happy wedding.

We convey our best wishes and greetings for a blissful married life together.

Mrs. Tsering Gurung (Jharkot, Bride's mother) Late Mr. Tenzing Gurung (Father) Tsering Chomphel Palden Gyaltsen (Brother) And Family. Mrs. Tsering Bhuti Gurung (Groom's mother) Late Mr. Jamyang Gurung (Father) Tsering Phuntsok (Brother) Nyima Ritha Gurung (Sister) And Family.

ADVERTISEMENT



Dasain Ayo! For a vast majority of Nepalis abroad, this is the perfect excuse to get together and celebrate. The annual hindu festival, devoted to goddess Durga, is celebrated during the lunar month of September/ October. The festival begins with the fast of 'Navaratri' and ends with the celebrations of 'Dasera.' According to Hindu mythology, Goddess Durga personifies the divinie shakti. She is the protector of the righteous and the destroyer of evil. In Kathmandu, the famed Taleju temple is open for public only during Dasain, for which

people line up from as early as 3AM. The Taleju goddess is considered extremely powerful by Hindus in the capital city. It is in the premesis of this temple that part of the process of selecting the child goddess Kumari takes place.

While those who celebrate Dasain in Nepal are busy shopping and preparing for a more traditional festivities, Nepalis all over world are also working on their own Dasain events. Here is a list of some of them in the United States and the UK.

Dasain Events in the United States [chronologically listed]:

State: California: Organisers: NANC Event: Annual Dashai Puja **Venue:** Livermore Temple Date: 8 Oct. 05 [Saturday] Time: 10:00AM - 12:00 Noon Tkts: FREE **More Info:** Bring following items for Prasad: For San Jose/Monterey/Carmel/Santa Clara: ACHAR (aalo, mula or kakro); For Peninsula/ Sunnyvale/Mt. View/Palo Alto/San Mateo - Sweet dish/Kheer For South San Francisco/San Francisco/Pacific - Fruits and Soft Drinks; For Oakland/Berekely/ Vallejo/Napa/Sonoma/Marin/Santa Rosa -Vegetable (Aaloo/Kauli, chhana ko Tarkari, Aaloo sadeko); For East Bay/Pleasantan/Fremont/Union City/Hayward - Halwa, Puri, Kheer

State: Ohio

Organisers: Nepali American Organisation of Ohio Event: Dasain Party in Akron Venue: Lions Park Hall, 245 N.E Ave., Tallmadge. Date: 8 Oct. 05 Time: 4:30PM Tkts: \$10 [online regst.], \$12 [walk in], Children under 10 free. More Info: Website http://www.naoo.org

State: Illinois

Organisers: Chicagoland Nepali Pariwar Event: Dasain Celebration Venue: St. Andrews Greek Church, 5649 N. Sheridan Road, Chicago Date: 8 Oct. 05 Time: 5PM Tkts: \$25 General, \$10 Children 7- 10 years old, Children below 7 free More Info: Website www.cnpariwar.org

State: Indiana

Organisers: Ball State University Event: Dasain Celebration Venue: Scheidler Apartments Community Center, North Tilloston Ave. Date: 15 Oct. 05 Time: 1PM Tkts: N/A More Info: Ball State University

State: Ohio

Organisers: Nepali American Organisation of Ohio

Event: Dasain Dance Party in Columbus Venue: N/A Date: 15 Oct. 05 Time: N/A Tkts: \$10 [members], \$12 [non-members] More Info: Website http://www.naoo.org

State: Oregon

Organisers: Nepal Association of Oregon (NAO) Event: Dasain Festival Venue: Mulnomah Arts Center, 7688 SW Capitol Blvd, Portland. Date: 15 Oct.05 Time: 6PM- 11PM Tkts: \$12 More Info: Tika *thappney* ceremony by elder members of the community to all participants, variety of Nepali songs and dances, NAO fund raising [silent auction, promotion of ticket sale for Magical Night of Giving]. Ph: 503-823-3167

State: New York

Organisers: Ridgewood Nepalese Society Inc. Event: Dasain Gathering Venue: 16-16 George Street, 2nd Floor [b/ween Wyckoff Ave and Cypress Ave, Ridgewood] Date: 15 Oct. 05 Time: Dinner Tkts: \$35 More Info: Mohan Jwala, Ph: 646-299-0447

State: Maryland

Organisers: America Nepal Society (ANS) Event: Annual Dashain Tihar Mela Venue: Bible College (Pashupati Buddha Nepali Mandir) Date: 16 Oct. 05 Time: 9 AM Tkts: Free More Info: A day long program with delicious foods, cultural programs by professional artists, children's show and a lot more.

State: Seattle Organisers: Nepal Seattle Society Event: Dasain Gathering Venue: Egan Hall, 123 N 79th St. Date: 22 Oct Time: 5 PM - Midnight Tkts: Free for NSS members, \$20 for non-memebrs More Info: Free Buffet and discounted beverages, International environmentalist and community members performing Nepali cultural shows





Dasain Events in the United Kingdom [chronologically listed]:

Organisers: Royal Nepalese Embassy Event: Dasain celebration Venue: Radutbass Date: 10 Oct 05 Time: 2PM- 5PM Tkts: N/A More Info: Ph: 020 72291594



Organisers: Gorkhali Samaj UK Event: Dance In This Dasain Venue: Mandhata Youth and Community Center, Mandhata House [close to Copland High School, Wembley] Date: 10 Oct. 05 Time: 6PM Tkts: 10 [w/ dinner] More Info: Raju Sh, Ph: 07949812260

Organisers: YETI Nepali Association UK Event: Bada Dashain Celebration Venue: Ealing Town Hall [London W5] Date: 10 Oct Time: 6PM Tkts: Yes/ price not known More Info:

Organisers: Deurali Entertainment in Association

w/ Nepal Network
Event: Bijaya Dashami Special Dinner and Dance party
Venue: Oceanic Club [158 station road, Edgware, Middlesex HA8 7AW]
Date: 17 Oct. 05
Time: 7PM- 11PM
Tkts: 12.50
More Info: Tara, Ph: 07821901192

Organisers: London Chanchale Kancha Event: Dasain and Tihar Dance Party Artists: DJ Juju [Ireland & Londond], DJ Enriq [Spain], DJ Paolo[Italy], DJ Chanchale Kancha [Nepal & London] Venue: Digress Club [10 Beak St., Soho, W1F 9RA] Date: 18 Oct. 05 Time: 9PM Tkts: 10 [booked] 15 [door] More Info: Lok Gurung, Ph: 02072632010

Organisers: Himalayan Yeti Nepalese Association. Event: Dasain and Diwali Celebration Venue: The Hough End Centre, Manchester Date: 23 oct. Time:12 noon Tkts: N/A More Info: Jeeta Dangol, Ph: 07739721666

Nepali Aawaz ko Dasain Advice:

It's nothing terribly new, and we don't mean to sound like your mother or spouse, but a reminder always helps!

Keep It Safe. Us Nepalis all over the world have earned a sort of a fame for drinking like a fish. Make sure you have a designated driver, or if you're supposed to be behind the wheels, check your drinking. Traffic tickets are expensive, accidents are disastrous. It's also common in our Nepali society for men to get drunk and quickly start quarreling. Let's not ruing a celebration.

Fly Safe: Kites color the Dasain sky in dots, but every year we hear of at least one accident where a kite enthusiast falls of a roof, or is injured in a 'falling incident' of some sort. The kites fly, us humans don't. Please fly it safe.

Play Safe: Gambling is traditional this time of year. Heck, even the pious Panch Pandav did it in Mahabarata. But think of what they lost. And as much as the gambler in all of us believes that we "will" win the next hand, we must make sure that we don't lose the kids' school fee and the spouse's next shopping spree away. Plus, you still have to put more tikas and give more **dakchina** for Tihar.

Note: Please email us at events@nepaliaawaz.com for FREE event listing on Nepali Aawaz.



असत्यमाथि सत्यको विजय, असुरमाथि दैवीशक्तिको विजय तथा अशान्ति माथि शान्तिको विजयको प्रतिक नेपालीहरुको महान चाड बडा दशैं २०६२ को शुभ उपलक्ष्यमा देशवासी तथा विदेशमा रहेका सम्पूर्ण नेपालीजनहरुमा हार्दिक मंगलमय शुभकामना ब्यक्त गर्दछौं। - हरिनारायण श्रेष्ठ तथा विष्णु श्रेष्ठ





Congratulations to Nepali Aawaz and best wishes for success.The timing is also perfect since Dasain has just started.

We wish all the Nepalis a very warm and happy Vijaya Dashami.

Vidya Gurung, Shristi Gurung and Suikar Gurung



श्भकामना

विश्वकै आर्थिक केन्द्रविन्दू तथा विश्वको राजधानी मानिने अमेरिकाको न्युयोर्क शहरबाट आफ्नै नेपाली लिपिमा "नेपाली आवाज" साप्ताहिक पत्रिका प्रकाशन हुन थालेको सुन्दा मलाई खुशी लागेको छ ।

यो अत्याधुनिक सञ्चार माध्यमको युगमा विभिन्न पत्र-पत्रिकाले आ-आफ्नो क्षेत्रमा जे जति भूमिका निर्वाह गरेता पनि यो नेपाली पत्रिका "नेपाली आवाज" ले आफ्नो छुट्टै पहिचान राख्न सकोस । यो नेपाली आवाज साप्ताहिकको आगमनले विदेशमा बसेका नेपालीहरुको लागि अवश्य नै उत्साह बढाउने छ र आफ्नो मातृभूमिको हरेक क्षेत्रको विषयवस्तुहरुलाई समेटेर विश्वभरिकै नेपालीहरुलाडृ नयाँ सन्देश प्रदान गर्दै निरन्तरता दिन सकिरहोस । "नेपाली आवाज" साप्ताहिक लाई उत्तरोत्तर प्रगतिको हार्दिक शुभकामना ।

२०६२ सालको नेपालीहरुको महान चाड विजया दशमीको शुभ उपलक्ष्यमा सम्पूर्ण नेपाली दाजुभाई दिदीबहिनीहरुमा हाम्रो मंगलमय शुभकामना !

- नेपाल किराँत राई समाज, न्युयोर्क

मंगलमय श्भकामना

विजया दशमी तथा दीपावलीको शुभ उपलक्ष्यमा सम्पूर्ण नेपाली दाजुभाई दिदीबहिनीहरु प्रति N and J Entertainment Inc. का तर्फबाट हार्दिक मंगलमय शुभकामना ब्यक्त गर्दै अमेरिकाबाट निक्लन लागेको यस पत्रिकाले सम्पूर्ण नेपाली विदेशीहरुको मन जित्न सफल होस् भन्ने शुभकामना ब्यक्त गर्दछ ।

कमला प्रसाई, अध्यक्ष N and J Entertainment Inc. 47-65 45th Street, Woodside, NY 11377

हार्दिक शुभकामना

नेपालीहरुको महान चाड बडा दर्शे २०६२ को शुभ उपलक्ष्यमा स्वदेश तथा विदेशमा बस्ने सम्पूर्ण नेपाली दाजुभाई तथा दिदीबहिनीहरुमा हार्दिक मंगलमय शुभकामना टक्र्याउँदछु।

नवदुर्गा भवानीको आशिर्वादले श्रीमती शुभद्रा तथा छोरा पारस थापामा सदा सर्वदा सुख शान्ति छाईरहोस । रामचन्द्र थापा न्ययोर्क





*

Avril Lavigne performs at Bryant Park, New York City. Photo: Kashish Das Shrestha. More photos available at www.nepaliaawaz.com

Cadenza: Ridin' the Groove Train

From mama's black coffee to soul burnin' acid jazz, Cadenza has travelled a long way from their southern rock roots and found a new groove. PREENA SHRESTHA

How does a rock band turn into a jazz sensation, organise a jazz fest at home and perform at fests abroad? Here's where it started. It was in the year 1993, when two brothers, Navin and Pravin Chhetri, teamed up with resident bassist Yogesh Lama and formed 'Cadenza'. Hailing from the gorgeous hill station Darjeeling, Cadenza's repertoire initially consisted of rock and southern rock, which is apparent in their debut album "Confessions". In 1994, they were invited to Kathmandu to play regular gigs at the Casino. "Originality was what we strove for," reminisces Navin Chhetri, the band's vocalist and drummer. "Even while we were doing covers, we tried to add our own touch to the songs."

With "Don't Mind If We Do" (1996), a record that reveals the band's penchant for funk and reggae, Cadenza had its first taste of commercial success. Numbers like "Funky Monkey" and "Bob Says" did very well and that, along with the fact that the band had taken charge of its own distribution, brought it into much media speculation. "We were just keen on avoiding the hassles of marketing labels," explains Navin Chhetri. And then came "Don't Mind If We Do.... Again", a revised version of their second album, in 2002. And with their new sound, acid jazz and a fix of funk and folk, Cadenza's reign on the jazz scene in Nepal was firmly established.



All That Jazz "It bugs me when people try to analyse jazz,"



says Navin Chhetri. "Its not an intellectual theorem at all. Its more of a mental attitude or a feeling that you express spontaneously through some musical instrument." The music emphasizes on group sound, even when you're playing a solo. It becomes necessary to not only know your own instrument, but also the others and how to back them up at all times. "It definitely keeps you on your toes," smiles Navin Chhetri. "Improvising is the name of the game. Pick a basic theme or a 'head' and wing it as you go along," he says. Spontaneity plays a major role here, emotional content is stressed upon, rather than just blatant technical exhibitionism. "There's so much space for expression," he gushes. "You have the freedom to say what you want. Its open-ended music designed for open minds."

Cadenza and Jazzmandu

Cadenza's constant changes in line-up have probably baffled a few, but Navin Chhetri assures us there's no bad blood whatsoever among the previous members. "Its almost like watching a child grow up," he explains. Your tastes change, your needs change, you evolve. Its totally understandable to want new flavors and new chemistry." The band does not wish to reach a stagnant point, they want to keep it fresh and impromptu at all times, quite reminiscent of Miles Davis in the 90s with almost 64 changes in line-up.

Groove For Shiva

Crafted around Shiva Ratri and three years after their last release, Cadenza's latest album boasts a mix of Afro beats with elements of Nepali folk and classical music, latin jazz and funk. "We've been stemming our creativity for a long time now," says Navin. "It was good to finally let it out.'A Groove For Shiva' is all about expression and freedom." Most numbers on the record are instrumental; all eight songs are impeccably composed and maintain a steady pace, making it an absolute please to listen to. The flute solos in the first few songs are quite something too.

ENTERTAINMENT

Organizing "Jazzmandu"- the annual Kathmandu jazz festival is perhaps one of Cadenza's biggest achievements as far as initiation in the jazz scene goes. As musical director of the festival, Navin remembers the first year with fondness. "Everyone was shocked back then," he recalls. "The response has been more positive in recent events. People are finally warming up to the concept." But the festival has drawn criticism for its high-priced tickets, particularly the highly anticipated Louis banks show at the Hyatt which boasted unlimited drinks all night. Though they have a free show at Patan and host workshops for students, most of the events are priced above Rs. 500, making it intimidating to many new young music enthusiasts wanting to experiment with jazz. And it would be a shame if locals cannot afford to watch the annual jazz festival boasting international artists when its happening in their own city. Many have complained that with so many sponsors, the organisers ought to make the shows more accessible price wise. But the complaints and drawbacks aside, Jazzmandu is a great music festival and the organisers deserve credit for it.

With a regular gig at Jazz Upstairs in Lazimpat (Wednesdays and Saturdays) and the fourth Jazzmandu festival coming up in November, you'd think Cadenza would have their hands full. But that's not all. Recently held was the Jazz at Patan concert in the museum café, where they jammed with the best of local traditional musicians. Also in the offing is a trip to the US for the Lionel Hampton Jazz Festival in February 2006. •



नेपाली सांगीतिक क्षेत्रमा "नाईं मलाई त्यै केटी चाहिन्छ...." भन्दै रोई कराई गरेको गीत गाउने रुञ्चे गायक प्रकाश पौडेल अब नायक भएका छन । उनी अब "नाईं मलाई केही चाहिदैन" नाम चलचित्रको पर्वामा देखा पर्देछन ।

प्रकाश गायकबाट नायक भएको चलचित्रको छायाँङ्कन भर्खरै सकिएको छ । थ्री मच, भाइरस र रेस थ्री नामका तीन वटा गीती एल्बम निकालिसकेका प्रकाशको यो पहिलो चलचित्रमा हो ।

अनाम नाट्य जमात धरानका अध्यक्ष बिनोद श्रेष्ठ तँखाछेको कथा र निर्देशन रहेको यस चलचित्रको निर्माण अनुशीलले गरेका हुन भने छायाँङ्कन केशव रायामाभीले गरिरहेकाछन । हिमाल दाहाल सह निर्माता रहेको यस चलचित्रको पटकथा कृष्ण आचार्यले तयार पारेकाछन् भने सह निर्देशन नविन बिशाल, ध्वनी मिलन भण्डारी, प्रकाश राजन सिग्देल, मेक अप प्रेम भुजेल र सम्पादन विनायक डिजिटलका बिनोद श्रेष्ठले गर्ने भएकाछन भने निर्माण नियन्त्रक पंकज श्रेष्ठ र हेकाछन ।

एलसीडी प्रविधीबाट निर्माण भईरहेको चलचित्रमा नायकको भुमिकामा गायक प्रकाश पौडेल छन भने अन्य कलाकारहरुमा बिनोद तँखाछे, शारदा शाक्य, शशी थापा सुब्बा, सरस्वती ताम्राकार, प्रफुल्ल भण्डारी, सुवर्ण पलिखे, कमला बस्नेत, कुलचन्द्र न्यौपाने आदी रहेकाछन । चलचित्र निर्देशक बिनोद श्रेष्ठ तँखाछे "नाईं मलाई केही चाहिंदैन" चलचित्रले बच्चादेखी युवा, बुढाबुढी सबैलाई पेट मिची मीची हसाँउने बताउछन । "मानीसहरुमा चिन्ता र निराशा छाएको अवस्थामा सामाजीक विषय वस्तुलाई लिएर बनेको यस चलचित्रले स्वस्थ्य मनोरञ्जन दिने बिश्वास लिएका छौ ।"

गायक पौडेल यस चलचित्रमा हेपीएको सोभो गाँउले

पूर्वाञ्चलमा Pop Concert

गत शुक्रबार र शनिवार बिराट नगरको रंगशाला र धरानको पब्लिक हाईस्कुलको मैदानमा सम्पन्न कार्यक्रममा पप गायक जेम्स प्रधान, योगेश्वर अमात्य, दिपेश किशोर भट्टराई, संञ्जीव सिंह, सविन राई, सरोज दत्तहरु आफ्ना चर्चीत गीतहरु गाएर युवा दर्शकलाई मनोरञ्जन दिएका थिए । पप गायकहरुका साथ संगीतकार न्युह बज्राचार्य संगै लोक गायिका कोमल ओली समेत "मलमलकीरी जुनकीरी..." भन्दै पपमा लोक भाका मिसाएकी थिईन ।





युवक र सहरका धनाण्य युवकको गरी दुई भिन्न चरि त्रमा देखापर्देछन । पौने दुई घण्टाको यस चलचित्रमा प्रकाश पौडेलको आफ्नै स्वरमा एक हाँस्य गीत समेत रहने बताईएको छ । चलचित्रको आउँदो तिहार भित्रै प्रथम प्रर्दशनको लक्ष्य राखीएको छ । •



Sarad Singh: Spittin' Beats And Making Hits

Only a month since the release of his debut album 'Prashna,' Sarad Singh has become the latest sensation in Nep-hop. SAHARA SHRESTHA

It may seem a little unlikely now, with being a Nephop star and all that, but the 23 year old Sarad Singh was actually into rock till a few years ago. "It was only after I met 'Mistah K' of Da Nepsydaz, who kept talking about Rap and Hip Hop in such a way, that the whole music environment changed around me and I started listening to Hip Hop," he says. "After three years of starting to write lyrics and sing songs I finally realized that I am quite good at it, though I don't mean to say I am the best."

The title track responsible for his new-found fame is based on real-life incidents, the rapper claims. "When I was reading the newspaper and I learned that people and students were abducted from school at Pharping while innocent people were killed here and there, I just couldn't stop thinking afnai daju bhai dhaley, yeta herey yetai aasu, uta herey utai rodan, manchey ley chaheko kahiley payeko chiana aman, apaharan huncha yaha pariwar runcha yaha, santanako mayaley murcha parchan babu aama......" But most of the tracks in the album seem to revolve around the inevitable topic of love.

"I was very nervous during my first recording session since it was the first time I ever entered a studio," he says, recalling the making of the album. He ended up recording one song three times in three different studios, but happily admits "it was all good and fun." The rapper hopes to be recognised as a 'good Nep-hop star and a "good beat maker." But with the Nep-hop scene growing ever crowded and the international hiphop scene spinning into more directions than a





If you thought the annual Dasain fair Kathmandu Utsav was all about shopping and eating, think again. The organisers of the festival, which started on 29 Sept. this year, have added a new event to the fair; Rock Heads, a live band competition. Not only does this make the fair more interesting for Kathmandu's music entusiasts, it is also a great encouragement for young, aspiring musicians to rock out their skills. The 35 bands that have participated include Atomic Bush, Arachnids, Cruentus, The Saboteurs, DR Punk, Metal Box and Blood Blisters. The bands have been divided into eight groups with one group performing each day. The judges pick a band by the day and move them up to the finals, which will take place on the 7th and 8th of October. After that, its the audience who will be voting to decide the winner. Besides braggin' rights, winning band will also receive a rockin' cash prize of Rs. 50,000. Let the games begin! •



about that so I sat down and started writing. Like my songs says- 'manis haru marna thaley, balak haru tuhura bhaye, manche ley manche ko ragat sanga holi khelna thaley, sabda haru kori afai itihas afai rachey, ladai ko maarma pari turn table, Sarad's got a tough job head. Having a hit single helps of course. •

ENTERTAINMENT

Anandazification: Californication

The Westside boys. Actually from the East.



Whatever. That is the theme of Andazification, a refreshing up and coming band from three Non Residential Nepalese boys in California. Formed in the spring of 2003 the band comprises of Anand (guitar/vocals), R.O.B. (rapper/beats) and Buddha (guitar/ vocals), Anand and Budha raised in Hong Kong and products of international schooling while R.O.B. grew up on home soil later immigrating to the US.

Influenced by the major rock bands of the 90's (Radiohead, Green Day, Smashing Pumpkins and Weezer just to name a few) as well as rap greats such as Tupac Shakur Andazification's music is very eclectic however, they do not blend the genres together as is the trend, instead they prefer to stay true to the individual sounds and this is reflected in their moody album JPT which has songs of all flavors.

Andazification are a band on a mission. The name itself is an indication of their sound. Andazification –a hybrid of Nepalese and English means 'guess- interpret it any way you wish and make what you will out of it'-and that's exactly what they want you to do with their music. Through their mutual love of music, the band formed when they couldn't find the international sounds they loved In the Nepalese music scene. "Andazi" want to represent and showcase the real colloquial slang and attitudes of Nepalese youth. In the words of the band, tired of the "typical cookie-cutter, molded, purified and distilled lyrics deemed appropriate by the Nepalese language authority" they implement actual vocabulary used in daily conversations. They say no to cheesy sloppy lyrics and detest the word "maya".

Slated for release in late October (it's taking longer than originally anticipated to release in Nepal as all the members are in the U.S.), Andazi's album JPT aims to please. Technically, musically and lyrically, the band has tried to stay at a professional level. The songs present the modern Nepalese mixed lifestyle while voicing out the frustrations of life. Their first single "JPT" a witty pop song could as well do as the anthem for the youth of the nation. Focusing on the current situation, the band is trying to tell the tale of thousands of people who've graduated but can't find descent jobs, people who are talented but don't have the opportunities, the prospects are bleak but who's to blame? The video (shot in San Francisco) features a couch potato character surfing channels on TV. There are all sorts of people in the video singing along to the lyrics (It's actually quite amusing to see

people of different racial backgrounds singing along in Nepalese). "Everywhere you go, after a while, it's all the same" says R.O.B. "Je Pai Tei". JPT was recorded over a year and half as the sounds kept evolving and also the band members had to balance out studying and their music. The album has eleven songs, each with a unique and fresh sound. R.O.B. is slick in laying the rhymes and their casual use of Nepalese slang might take some time getting used to. If you listen carefully you can hear some remixes of classic Nepalese songs in the background and the track "Resham" is an awesome rendition with an international sound. Though the album has a definite Nepalese feel to it, the band actually has an international appeal with Japanese and Chinese fans who discovered their music through their website.

As for future prospects, the Andazi boys are just waiting to see how their album is received back in Nepal. They are optimistic about the current Nepalese music scene and feel the new bands are progressing well and taking Nepalese music to the next level.

For more updates on the band visit their official website www.andazification.com. The album JPT is already available to order online on their website, or you can visit the Itunes store to download the tracks.



Star Striker Basanta To Quit Nepali football

Manang Marshyangdi striker Basanta Thapa is leaving for Japan on a student visa for some years soon after Dasain. He is also reigning the on going league with 15 goals to his credit. No wonder the 28 years old ace is paid Rs. 22,000 per month by MMC, making him the highest paid player in Nepali league. This is the biggest loss for Nepali football since Nirajan Rayamajhi's departure two years ago. He had gone to Germany to play in Division football there. MMC has called on Ritesh Thapa to take Basanta Thapa's place.

Nepal Gears Up For SAFF football

Nepal is making preparations to head out for the play the SAFF Football Championship to be held in Pakistan. Bangladesh and Bhutan are the other teams in Group B while Group A comprises of Pakistan, Maldives, Sri Lanka and Afghanistan. Nepal's first game will be against the two time SAFF Champions India on 8 Dec.

Shridiwa: A Slam Dunk Win

Rupak Gurung helped Shridiwa Club win the First Pujan Memorial Basketball scoring 23 points for his team as it beat White House Club 73-62 in the final held at Delhi Public School court in Birgunj. Along with the Cup, the team lifted a cheque for Rs 30,000. The 19-year-old player also earned himself the MVP title and Rs. 7,000. For Shridiwa, it was a sweet revenge for the loss caused by White House in the semifinal of the ATB Trophy. Even with national players like Bipendra, Rabindra and Sujan, White House failed to lead anytime during the match.

13th Open Swimming Competition Unlucky For Olympian Swimmers

Olympian and national record holder Nayana Shakya struggled with her back injury as Bibidha Rimal took the gold in the 100-meter breaststroke in the 13th Open Swimming Competition held at the Birendra International Sports Complex, Satdobato. Nayana, suffering since Athens Olympic, finished second with 1.5 seconds behind Bibidha. Sudha Shrestha took home the bronze medal.

Metal-head and guitarist Olympics swimmer Alice Shrestha failed to reach the venue in time for the Individual Medley. Kisimlal Tharu finished an easy win leaving Rajeev Chitrakar and Sunil Shrestha far behind.

Alice Shrestha during a performance.





KASHISH DAS SHRESTHA / N

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Golf star Tiger Woods rides a golf cart while promoting a new EA PGA Golf video game at Times Square, NYC.

Events Listing:

City: Kathmandu

Organisers: Non- Resident Nepali Association Event: Second Global NRN Conference Venue: Inaugural Function at BICC, other plenary and parallel sessions to be held at various Hotels

Date: 7- 10 Oct. 05

Time: N/A

More Info: The Conference participation will be on registration. All Nepali citizens residing abroad and people of Nepali origin (PNO) are welcome to participate in the conference. Altogether 400 NRNs and about 200 resident Nepalis are expected to participate in this conference. Website: http://nrn.org.np

City: Kathmandu

Organisers: N/A Event: Modulate, a Dance party Venue: Rox Bar, Hyatt Regency Date: 7 Oct. 05 Time: 8PM Tkts: Rs. 600 (Comp. drink incld.) More Info: A Dasain dance party with DJ Whosane from Mumbai.

State: New York Organisers: Tibetan Youth Congress of NY and NJ Event: Tibetan Youth Congress Day Venue: 195 Williamsburg Comunity Center [Graham Ave. Brooklyn] Date: 8 Oct. 05 Time: 10AM Tkts: N/A More Info: Dawa Dolma, Ph: 718- 545-0113

State: Maryland

Organisers: Kunzang Palyul Choling Event: An Evening of Buddhist Art and Philosophy Artist: Deepak Joshi Venue: 18400 River Rd. Poolesville Date: 8 Oct. 05 Time: 7PM - 9PM Tkts: N/A More Info: Ph: 301-349-0440 / 1

City: Kathmandu Organisers: PartyNepal Event: Ekta- 1974AD Live At Home Ground Venue: Jawalakhel Ground Date: 8 Oct. 05 Time: 3PM Tkts: Rs. 100 More Info: Ph. 4422089

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Sarina Chetri

Sarina is an 18-year old high school student from New York who enjoys writing poems, swimming and dancing. "I've always been interested in photoshoots, but not in becoming a runway model - I don't have the height for it."

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Clockwise from top left: Changas for sale in Kathmandu for Dasain and Tihar (photo by Bhushan Shilpakar), Lattais for sale in Kathmandu for Dasain and Tihar (photo by Bhushan Shilpakar), Falung Gong practitioneers demonstrate against torture in China (photo by Kashish Das Shrestha), Tibetan woman walks outside Madison Square in New York City (photo by Kashish Das Shrestha)