Q. Would it be better to have a reunited non-Maoist Communist Party of Nepal?
Truth is the first casualty

None of us should have any illusions about it. The US-led bombing of Afghanistan is to secure domestic political purposes in the wake of the devastating 11 September attacks on New York and Washington. The attacks are not supposed to achieve military success anyway—all that they have left behind is a stalemate in the Afghan war. Since the 30 percent of the US-led coalition forces killed in military operations, Washington has been struggling to justify its military actions. The situation has been complicated by the fact that when the US led forces went in, they supposed it could bring about a clean and painless end to the war.

The US-led invasion was justified on the grounds of preventing the Taliban from using Afghanistan as a base for international terrorism. Washington’s objectives are not limited to preventing the spread of terrorism. The US-led forces have been engaged in a wider strategy to promote democracy and human rights in the region. The US-led forces have been facing significant resistance from the local population. The US-led forces have been accused of human rights abuses and violations.

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Cynicism is the obstacle to Nepal’s development

Kail Chandra Gautam, a soft-spoken and modest 53-year-old from Guli, is a self-made man. He rose up the ranks with hard work and integrity to become a deputy executive director at UNICEF. Gautam spoke to NEPAL Times about his career, Nepal children and global challenges.

How did you end up at UNICEF?

There are few Nepali kids in New York, very few, and I was not one of those. I remember when I was a school kid in Guli, I was fascinated by how a small group of people could make a difference. I was interested in social work and community development. When I was about 14 years old, I joined the Youth Political Association, and the first step was to join the staff of the UNDP in Kathmandu.

Do you feel that working for UNICEF is any different from what you did as a staff member of the UNDP?

UNICEF is a much bigger organization. The UNDP had a good reputation but it was small. UNICEF has a much bigger budget and reaches a much bigger audience. The difference is that UNICEF is a UN agency and works with governments around the world. UNICEF funds programs that are implemented by national organizations.

What is your job at UNICEF?

My principal responsibilities are mobilising resources for UNICEF, working with the sub-Saharan countries, advising on the programs that are implemented in those countries, and coordinating with the government of Nepal.

Who is your role model?

I look up to people who have made a difference in the world. I admire people like Mother Teresa, Nelson Mandela, and Barack Obama. They have made a difference in the world and have inspired me to do the same.

Collateral damage

It’s time to start waving a white flag. Let’s see what hits me first.

Kail Chandra Gautam

Fake bankers…

It is now the turn of banks to be put through the gauntlet. Nepalese banks, in the wake of the banking crisis caused by the recent collapse of three banks, have been asked to comply with the requirements of the Reserve Bank of Nepal. The central bank has also taken steps to ensure that banks operate in a transparent and efficient manner. As a result, many banks have started taking precautionary measures.

...also teachers?

About 80,000 public school teachers have submitted their resignations after the government began implementing new conditions for their employment. The government has announced that teachers will now have to pass a competitive examination to be eligible for their positions. The new conditions have sparked protests among teachers and students.


Life has been a hard task for Afghan children ever since Soviet occupation and the cruel war of attrition. Afghans have worked hard to reconstruct their country. But they have also been dealing with the effects of the past and living with the consequences of the ongoing conflict.

A Pakistani friend who knew one of the countless victims of the 11 September attacks was heartbroken. He said to me, “What was the use of all of this? We were all innocent.”

We are doing fairly better.

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Bahuns and the Nepali State

A course correction is needed when so much of the people's present and future is in the hands of one community.

A former journalist and former Baizen Minister of Nepal, Chhetri, was invited to talk to Deuba's cabinet members about the future of the country. Chhetri, who has been a vocal critic of the Nepali State and its political parties, was invited to talk about the future of the country. Chhetri, who has been a vocal critic of the Nepali State and its political parties, was invited to talk about the future of the country. Chhetri, who has been a vocal critic of the Nepali State and its political parties, was invited to talk about the future of the country.

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**Kathmandu on NHK**

Japana’s NHK television is called a “national treasure” in Nepal. That’s because it has been a constant feature of Nepal’s political discourse for decades. The NHK’s reporting on Nepal’s political and social issues has been criticized for its bias and lack of objectivity. The NHK’s coverage of Nepal’s political developments has often been interpreted as an attempt to influence Nepal’s domestic politics.

**New motorbikes**

The motorcycle market in Nepal is growing fast, with more companies joining the race and promoting to create such a product. A number of companies have begun to enter this market, but only a few are replenishing or improving. The problem is how to meet the demand of the customers, and how to improve the quality of the existing products. The companies face many challenges, such as the lack of government support, the high cost of raw materials, and the difficulty in attracting foreign investors.

**Nepal’s Nirmalika (NDC)**

The NDC has been a significant player in Nepal’s political landscape. It has been involved in various political activities, such as protests, rallies, and strikes. The NDC has been known for its radical stance and its opposition to the government. The NDC has also been involved in various social and cultural activities, such as music, theater, and art.

**Nepal’s economic situation**

Nepal’s economy is facing a number of challenges, including political instability, low agricultural production, and high unemployment. Despite these challenges, there are some positive signs, such as the increase in industrial production and the growth of the service sector. The government has taken some initiatives to promote economic growth, such as the introduction of new tax incentives and the promotion of foreign investment. However, the economic situation remains uncertain, and there is a need for continued efforts to improve the economic situation.

**Bhola Nath Chalise**

19 - 25 October 2001

**ECONOMY**

Will the Nepali economy take the high road or the low road? A lot depends on political stability and the pace of reforms.

A lot depends on political stability and the pace of reforms.
Of the many splendid restaurants in Kathmandu Valley there are some that stand out for their ambiance and aroma.

The Summit Hotel Garden

The menu in both rooms is similar. Sushi lovers can choose from the menu, which includes a range of sushi rolls, maki, tempura, and teriyaki dishes. There are also live music performances on weekends.

The Splash Bar and Grill

The Splash Bar and Grill in the city centre offers a variety of dishes. The menu includes sushi, sashimi, tempura, and a range of Japanese and international dishes. The bar area has a comfortable seating arrangement, making it an ideal place for a drink or a snack.

La'soon Restaurant and Vinotheque

La'soon is one of the best-kept secrets in Kathmandu. It offers a variety of Italian and Nepalese dishes. The restaurant is located in the heart of the city, making it an ideal spot for a meal before or after a concert or a show.

The Nepali Times favourite is the traditional Bi Bim Bab—vegetables, kimchi, cheese, tuna or beef. There's plenty of choice. There are lots of options for those who are looking for a vegetarian meal, and there are plenty of dishes for the meat-lover—tenderloin, sirloin, lamb chops and whole trout.

The Summit Hotel Garden Bar on the lowest level, which has a number of seating options and opens out to a terrace and then the garden. Apre or post-dinner lounge for the cigar set, and the trendy Rox Bar on the ground floor. The bar has a number of seating options and opens out to a terrace and then the garden.

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able. Yet, a prompt US upswing might let Japan hang on for a few years more. But weak points abound. Japan, in recession and unlikely to emerge soon, is a world depression, but it will mean massive unemployment and bankruptcy. Spending and tax cuts is on the way to approval. In 1982 when world growth fell to just 0.6 percent. That is far from the US recovery is not to be in South and East Asia, where GDP growth projections for 2001, been crippled by cuts in development aid, onerous debt burdens, protectionism, and a rash of civil and military conflicts. Gross world product (GDP) is expected to grow at only 1.4 percent in 2001, due reward for over 40 years of a changing the way development is pursued,” said Achim Steiner, director of the (IUCN).
The search is on for the right Pashtun-led government in Kabul.

The state has to compensate us.

You have been happy being a MP despite being a Dalit?

Some MPs bought Prados and Pajeros and the people protested against that. Why should an MP from a place where there is no transportation do the same things? You still commute by bicycle and not a Prado or Pajero?

You must have been happy being an MP despite being a Dalit…

The state has to compensate us.

Why should it compensate?

Not after I became a politician. My father did the same job and taught me this way. We feel proud that we manufactured the Prados and Pajeros. The state has to compensate us. The state has to compensate us. The state has to compensate us. The state has to compensate us. The state has to compensate us.

What if the state compensate a Dalit?

I would be happy, I will not become a MP if it is not a Dalit. I have the skills. Just because someone belongs to a Dalit community we cannot become an MP. What is the state doing? Compensate them instead.

Do you carry your state compensate you?

No. I became a politician. My father sold the sheep and taught me this way. We feel proud that we manufactured the Prados and Pajeros. Things are started being done for us by the state. Just because we are Dalits, become the state that makes the laws—it is there in the courts, schools and police. It exists in all institutions and it is most severe in the army. It is not only that, the doctors must also be able to work for their people.

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**NEPALI TIMES LITERATURE**

16-19 OCTOBER 2001

**CLASSIFIED**

**Kinder Eco-Resort** Peace in natural surroundings, 23 mountain huts, 3 restaurants, 3 swimming pools. Trip to Langtang mountains. Mudhini Bungalows, ancient Stone House, Nepal. For details write to Kinder Eco-Resort, Chobar, near Kathmandu, Tel: (041) 423406, Mail: Kinder, Bagmati, 423406, Nepal. **Kathmandu Mailbox** For sending, selling, hiring, buying, professional services. Program, Listing, Contacts and many more. 420260, info@kathmandumailbox.com.np. **Group collectible for Nepal and expatriates** Nepal: the Kingdom of the Himalayas. **Himalayan minimalism** Being your own interpreter of the natural world. **Luggage storage** at the Kathmandu Guest House, 420260.

**ESCAPES from the **Tutor of History**

K is a fictional novel written and directed by a man named K. In the novel, the protagonist, K, is a man who is going through a variety of experiences in his life. K is a man who is constantly striving to find his place in the world and to make sense of his experiences. He is a man who is constantly searching for something, something that he cannot quite define. K is a man who is constantly searching for himself.

The novel is set in a fictional country called K, which is a country that is based on Nepal. The country is characterized by its mountainous landscape and its cultural diversity. The novel is set in the present day, and it is a novel that is filled with political intrigue and social commentary.

The novel is written in a style that is reminiscent of the works of the modernist novelists, such as Virginia Woolf and James Joyce. The novel is written in a style that is characterized by its use of stream of consciousness, its use of free indirect discourse, and its use of the first-person point of view.

The novel is a novel that is filled with symbolism and imagery. The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of symbols, such as the mountain, the river, and the city. The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of images, such as the image of the mountains, the image of the river, and the image of the city.

The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of themes, such as love and alienation, set in an ambitious social saga, a love and alienation, set in a raucous exchanges to pass the evenings with. Such men went to other places at the southern end of town, shabby bamboo-and-thatch stalls erected overnight by

The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of characters, such as K, the protagonist, and other characters who are important to the plot. The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of voices, such as the voice of K, the protagonist, and the voices of other characters who are important to the plot.

The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of styles, such as the style of the modernist novelists, and the style of the postmodernist novelists. The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of techniques, such as the technique of stream of consciousness, and the technique of free indirect discourse.

The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of genres, such as the genre of the modernist novel, and the genre of the postmodernist novel. The novel is a novel that is filled with a variety of forms, such as the form of the novel, and the form of the short story.

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MANJUSHREE’S RISHI

Democracy, liberty and equality boil down to the private dignity of the individuals.

The Times of History, the second novel in English, unfolds itself in the mother tongue of Nepal. The title of the novel is Dr. Mahendranath Thapa, who was born in 1819, the year Sweden declared its independence from its monarchy. The novel covers the period of British rule and the rise of nationalism in Nepal.

The novel is set against the backdrop of a rural village in Nepal, where Dr. Mahendranath Thapa, a physician, is struggling to maintain his freedom and independence in a society that is dominated by British colonialism. The novel is a commentary on the struggle for freedom and the importance of individual dignity.

The novel also explores the themes of patriotism, love, and sacrifice. The main character, Dr. Mahendranath Thapa, is a symbol of the spirit of nationalism and the struggle for independence.

The novel is a reflection of the author’s own experiences and the experiences of his contemporaries. The author, Manjushree Thapa, is a well-known Nepali writer and poet. She has written several novels and poems, and her work has been translated into several languages.

The novel is a must-read for anyone interested in the history of Nepal and the struggle for independence.

ALEX TOWBARAGHAY

The title of the novel is in the Nepali language. The novel is set against the backdrop of the British Raj in Nepal, and the rise of nationalism in the country.

The novel is a commentary on the struggle for freedom and the importance of individual dignity. The main character, Dr. Mahendranath Thapa, is a symbol of the spirit of nationalism and the struggle for independence.

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Lights, camera, action!

FM's tri-lingual RJ

It's cultural, multi-lingual Nepal needs an infotainment channel. In the studio of Kantipur FM in Patan, Prabhat Rimal is making it happen. It's a radio show in English, Nepali and Newari:

"FM was new, people wandered at the gennies behind the voice," says Prabhat. "Six years down the line, FM's novelty might have worn off, but its popularity hasn't."

"People appreciate it. There's a new generation of Nepalis interested in it. I think FM has become more informative, responsive and mature," he says.

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